

Randy Brown

Finance and Operations Officer/Open Records Officer

240 VILLA CREST DRIVE • STATE COLLEGE, PENNSYLVANIA • 16801 TELEPHONE: 814-231-1021 • FAX: 814-466-6068

To: Curtis Johnson

From: Randy Brown and Joe Viglione

Date: December 8, 2023

Subject: June 30, 2023 Audited Financial Statements

Administration recommends approval of the attached 2022-23 audited financial statements for the State College Area School District. The District's audit firm, Baker Tilly US LLP, in cooperation with the accounting office, has completed the audit for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

The District's audited financial statement includes statements prepared under the government-wide format (long-term, accrual basis), and under the fund basis (near-term, traditional format utilized by school districts). For your reference in reviewing the statements:

- pages 4-11 contain the Management Discussion and Analysis,
- pages 12-21 contain the required financial statements,
- pages 22-45 contain the footnotes to the financial statements,
- pages 46-50 contain required supplementary information,
- and pages 51-64 contain information in accordance with federal auditing requirements

Representatives from Baker Tilly presented the audited financial statements to the Finance and Audit Committee at the November 29, 2023 meeting as well as at the December 4, 2023 Committee of the Whole meeting.

District Administration will be in attendance at the meeting to answer any questions the Board may have.



Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

June 30, 2023

Table of Contents June 30, 2023

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	4
Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	12
Statement of Activities	13
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	14
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund	18
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds	20
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	21
Notes to Financial Statements	22

Table of Contents June 30, 2023

	<u>Page</u>
Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)	
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the PSERS Net Pension Liability	46
Schedule of District's PSERS Pension Contributions	47
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the PSERS Net OPEB Liability	48
Schedule of District's PSERS OPEB Contributions	49
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - District Plan	50
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards	51
Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	53
Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - General Fund	56
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	58
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	59
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	60
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	62
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	64



Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of State College Area School District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of State College Area School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - General Fund (pages 56-57), the Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds on page 58, the Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds on page 59 and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 11, 2023 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

State College, Pennsylvania

Baker Tilly US, LLP

December 11, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

This Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is intended to provide a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the State College Area School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the financial statements and the disclosures that follow. This discussion focuses on the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes thereto to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The focus of these statements is long-term.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities include all of the District's instructional programs and support services except for its food service operation, which is considered a business-type activity.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of fund financial statements is short term. Governmental fund financial statements are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting whereas the business-type activity (food service) financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains five individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the District's major funds, which are the General Fund and Capital Reserve Fund. The District's nonmajor funds, the Capital Projects Fund, the Student Activity Fund and Debt Service Fund, are collectively reported.

Proprietary Funds

The District accounts for its food service operation in a proprietary fund, which reports the same functions presented as the business-type activity in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Condensed Statements of Net Position June 30, 2023 and 2022

	Condensed Statements of Net Position									
	Governmen	To	tal	_						
	2023	2022		2023		2022	2023		2022	
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources										
Current and other assets	\$ 91,640,920	\$ 87,169,958	\$	2,839,519	\$	2,521,868	\$ 94,480,439	\$	89,691,826	
Noncurrent assets	337,601,842	333,979,873		264,367		206,542	337,866,209		334,186,415	
Deferred outflows of										
resources	47,384,867	40,136,734		959,565		816,998	48,344,432	_	40,953,732	
Total	\$ 476,627,629	\$ 461,286,565	\$	4,063,451	\$	3,545,408	\$ 480,691,080	\$	464,831,973	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position										
Current liabilities	\$ 30,259,413	\$ 28,451,995	\$	292,261	\$	338,934	\$ 30,551,674	\$	28,790,929	
Long-term liabilities:										
Due within one year	9,482,606	9,028,561		-		-	9,482,606		9,028,561	
Due after one year	434,372,104	418,500,988		4,954,284		4,467,508	439,326,388		422,968,496	
Total liabilities	474,114,123	455,981,544		5,246,545		4,806,442	479,360,668	_	460,787,986	
Deferred inflows of resources	15,595,545	42,626,349		380,961		878,957	15,976,506	_	43,505,306	
Net position: Net investment in capital										
assets Restricted (for capital projects and debt	69,029,231	64,958,253		264,367		206,542	69,293,598		65,164,795	
service)	70,755,157	62,086,124		_		_	70,755,157		62,086,124	
Unrestricted	(152,866,427)	(164,365,705)		(1,828,422)		(2,346,533)	(154,694,849)	_	(166,712,238)	
Total net position (deficit)	(13,082,039)	(37,321,328)		(1,564,055)		(2,139,991)	(14,646,094)		(39,461,319)	
Total	\$ 476,627,629	\$ 461,286,565	\$	4,063,451	\$	3,545,408	\$ 480,691,080	\$	464,831,973	

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

Condensed Statements of Activities

For the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

					Con	densed Stater	nen	ts of Activitie	s			
		Governmen	tal /	Activities		Business-T	уре	Activity		To	tal	
		2023	_	2022		2023		2022	2022 2023			2022
Revenues:												
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	1,585,308	\$	1,088,405	\$	2,646,009	\$	801,375	\$	4,231,317	\$	1,889,780
Operating grants and												
contributions		26,695,904		29,639,078		3,036,860		6,053,387		29,732,764		35,692,465
General revenues:												
Taxes levied, net		141,006,301		135,866,269		-		-		141,006,301		135,866,269
Grants, subsidies and												
contributions not restricted		12,389,990		10,461,432		=		=		12,389,990		10,461,432
Other		6,275,613		1,194,208		- .			_	6,275,613	_	1,194,208
Total revenues		187,953,116	_	178,249,392		5,682,869		6,854,762	_	193,635,985		185,104,154
Program Expenses:												
Instruction		95,009,724		88,685,500						95,009,724		88,685,500
Instructional student support		14,150,554		12,871,536		_		_		14,150,554		12,871,536
Administration and financial		14, 130,334		12,07 1,000		-		_		14, 130,334		12,07 1,550
support services		17,086,738		16,552,932		_		_		17,086,738		16,552,932
Operation and maintenance of		11,000,100		10,002,002						11,000,100		10,002,002
plant services		20,185,295		19,754,096		_		_		20,185,295		19,754,096
Pupil transportation		6,649,350		6,450,242		_		-		6,649,350		6,450,242
Student activities		2,956,607		2,547,551		_		-		2,956,607		2,547,551
Community services		62,860		77,638		_		_		62,860		77,638
Interest on long-term debt		7,016,786		7,429,335		-		_		7,016,786		7,429,335
Unallocated depreciation and												
amortization		422,410		358,072		=		=		422,410		358,072
Loss on disposal of capital												
assets		173,503		-		-		5,641		173,503		5,641
Transfers out (in)		-		-		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Food service		-	-	<u> </u>		5,106,933		4,867,977		5,106,933		4,867,977
Total program												
expenses		163,713,827		154,726,902		5,106,933		4,873,618		168,820,760		159,600,520
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Change in net position		24,239,289		23,522,490		575,936		1,981,144		24,815,225		25,503,634
Net Deficit, Beginning	_	(37,321,328)		(60,843,818)	_	(2,139,991)	_	(4,121,135)	_	(39,461,319)		(64,964,953)
Net Deficit, Ending	\$	(13,082,039)	\$	(37,321,328)	\$	(1,564,055)	\$	(2,139,991)	\$	(14,646,094)	\$	(39,461,319)

Total net position of the District increased \$24,815,225 in 2023. Net position of governmental activities increased by \$24,239,289, while net position of the business-type activity increased \$575,936.

The District had \$163,713,827 in expenses and transfers related to governmental activities in 2022-23; only \$28,281,212 of these expenses were offset by program-specific charges for services, grants or contributions. The increase in expenses in 2022-23 is primarily related to a \$5,198,715 (4.3%) increase in personnel costs. General revenues (primarily taxes and state subsidies) of \$159,671,904 also provided for these programs. The \$24,239,289 increase in governmental activities net position represents the excess of revenues over expenses.

In the District's business-type activity, net position increased by \$575,936 as a result of the net income of the food service operation.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

The June 30, 2023 government-wide financial statements reflect the District's estimated share of the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources, as required under the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68. In addition, GASB Statement No. 75 requires that the District report a liability and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to postemployment benefits other than pension (OPEB), primarily health insurance. Below is a schedule showing the impact of GASB 68 and 75 on the unrestricted net position as of June 30, 2022 and 2023.

	_	Total Net Position	ASB 68 and 75 (Pension and OPEB Impact)	G	Total Excluding ASB 68 and 75 Impact	Net Position Available to nd Operations and Debt Service
Governmental Activities: At June 30, 2022 Change in net position	\$	(37,321,328) 24,239,289	\$ (214,210,748) 7,634,680	\$	176,889,420 16,604,609	\$ 111,931,167 12,533,631
Ending at June 30, 2023	\$	(13,082,039)	\$ (206,576,068)	\$	193,494,029	\$ 124,464,798
Business-Type Activities: At June 30, 2022 Change in net position	\$	(2,139,991) 575,936	\$ (4,475,805) 153,017	\$	2,335,814 422,919	\$ 2,129,272 365,094
Ending at June 30, 2023	\$	(1,564,055)	\$ (4,322,788)	\$	2,758,733	\$ 2,494,366

As of June 30, 2023, excluding the impact of changes in position recorded based on GASB 68 and 75, \$53,822,592 of unrestricted net position of the \$193,494,029 of total net position of governmental activities was available to meet the District's ongoing obligations to employees and creditors for governmental activities. In addition, \$70,755,157 of restricted net position was available to fund future capital projects and \$69,029,231 is invested in capital assets and restricted for capital projects.

Financial Analysis of the Governmental Funds

General Fund

Revenues

Revenues for the 2022-23 fiscal year were \$185,618,232 compared to \$177,666,994 for the previous fiscal year. The revenues are derived from three main sources, as follows:

	2022 - 2023	2021 - 2022	Change Increase (Decrease)	% Change
Local sources	\$ 147,582,532	\$ 138,578,920	\$ 9,003,612	6.5 %
State sources	34,675,855	34,456,309	219,546	0.6
Federal sources	3,359,845	4,631,765	(1,271,920)	(27.5)
Total	\$ 185,618,232	\$ 177,666,994	\$ 7,951,238	4.5 %

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

Local revenues are derived primarily from levying taxes such as real estate tax, earned income tax and real estate transfer tax. Local revenues increased \$9,003,612 compared to the prior year. Real estate taxes, including supplemental tax billings, increased \$4,403,960, primarily related to a 3.4% increase in real estate millage. Supplemental tax rebates totaling \$57,449 offset real estate tax revenue. The Supplemental Tax Rebate Program provides property tax rebates to senior citizens, widows, widowers and disabled persons who meet certain income eligibility guidelines and who are homeowners. Earned income tax increased \$1,154,363. Tuition increased by \$413,311 related to the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on prior year after school program revenues in the prior year. Interest on investments increased by \$3,294,323. The increases in earned income tax and interest on investments is reflective of the inflationary economy created by the easing of the pandemic.

State revenues are derived primarily from state subsidies for basic education and special education and a 50% reimbursement for social security and retirement costs. State revenues increased by \$219,546. This change was due to a number of factors that increased and decreased in comparison (year over year). While the basic education subsidy increased by \$1,557,961, revenue for retirement increased by \$627,651, transportation/other state revenue increased by \$308,061, and property tax revenue increased by \$370,598, these increases were offset by a bond reimbursement decrease of \$2,767,372.

Federal revenues decreased by \$1,271,920 primarily related to a decrease in COVID related grant funding.

Expenditures

Expenditures and other financing uses for the 2022-23 fiscal year were \$183,445,058 compared to the 2021-22 fiscal year of \$169,529,067 or 8.2% increase. The following table shows the expenditures by object category:

	2022 - 2023	2021 - 2022	Increase (Decrease)	% Change
Salaries and benefits	\$ 126,731,386	\$ 121,532,669	\$ 5,198,717	4.3 %
Professional services	4,022,088	3,268,369	753,719	23.1
Purchased property services	1,693,448	1,954,582	-261,134	(13.4)
Other purchased services	12,842,840	12,576,269	266,571	2.1
Supplies and property	8,918,811	7,801,185	1,117,626	14.3
Other objects	419,739	462,893	(43,154)	(9.3)
Other uses of funds	28,816,746	21,933,100	6,883,646	31.4
Total	\$ 183,445,058	\$ 169,529,067	\$ 13,915,991	8.2 %

Salaries and benefits increased by \$2,791,389, and retirement and health insurance expense increased by \$1,230,852 and \$984,627, respectively, primarily related to the increase in salaries and benefits.

The increases in professional services were primarily related to security, psychological, and legal services. Supplies and property expenses increased primarily due to purchases being made with Federal Funds (ESSER grants) in response to the pandemic.

The increase in supplies and property is largely due to federal grant (ESSER) spending that occurred in 2023.

Other uses of funds changes include the transfer to the Debt Service Fund was eliminated with debt service payments now occurring in the General Fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

Capital Reserve Fund

The Capital Reserve Fund is used to account for transfers from the General Fund that are to be used to fund future capital projects or debt service. The Capital Reserve Fund balance as of June 30, 2023 is \$70,755,157

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for capital projects of the District. The District spent \$4,477,788 for such projects in 2022-23. The majority of expenditures in 2022-23 related to the North High School Building boiler project, Memorial Field renovations and various Mount Nittany Middle School projects. The Capital Projects fund balance is \$7,688,527 at June 30, 2023. Restricted cash of \$3,981,037 at June 30, 2023 represents bond funds available to fund additional building projects.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District prepares a budget each year for its General Fund according to Pennsylvania law. The budget complied with all applicable state laws and financial policies approved by the School Board of Directors.

The General Fund's originally-approved budget for 2023 included \$177,037,552 of revenues and \$180,267,525 of expenditures and other financing uses. The budget was amended by \$1,006,579 primarily for additional grants and related expenditures.

The actual revenues for 2023 were \$7,574,101 greater than the final budget. Local revenues were \$6,645,544 greater than budget primarily due to favorable variances in earned income tax of \$2,028,562, interest on investments of \$3,262,444 and real estate transfer tax revenue of \$365,321. Other components of local revenues were largely in line with budgeted amounts.

State revenues were \$720,893 greater than budget primarily related to the increased state basic education instructional subsidy which exceeded budget by \$1,557,957. The social security and PSERS reimbursements were lower than budgeted by approximately \$197,881 and \$466,767, respectively. Federal revenues were greater than budget by \$207,664 due to higher than budgeted reimbursable COVID related grant expenditures in addition to a greater than budgeted reimbursement from the special education Medical ACCESS Program.

Actual expenditures, excluding other financing uses, were \$6,823,122 less than the amended budget. However, due to a \$9,000,000 transfer to Capital Reserve (approximately \$2,500,000 was budgeted), actual expenditures and other financing uses combined exceeded the amended budget. The most significant positive budget variances are due to lower than anticipated personnel costs, approximately \$6,000,000 less than budgeted due to lower than anticipated staffing levels resulting from the labor shortage as well as better than anticipated results in the District's self-funded health insurance plan. Another significant positive budget variance was due to lower than anticipated charter school expense, a savings of approximately \$750,000.

The District established a committed fund balance in 2019-20 to fund projected revenue shortfalls in future years related to the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic. This committed fund balance at June 30, 2023 has been eliminated. An additional committed fund balance to fund future increases in the PSERS expense has also been eliminated. The District established a committed fund balance of \$7,200,000 in 2021-22 to fund future budget shortfalls related to the self-insured health plan and has allocated an additional \$792,790 in 2022-23 to bring the committed fund balance to \$7,992,790 as of June 30, 2023. In its final action of committing fund balances for the year ended June 30, 2023, the Board committed \$27,389,041 to offset debt service payments expected to be used through June 30, 2032.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activity as of June 30, 2023 is summarized below (see details in Note 7 to the financial statements).

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activity	Total
Land, buildings and improvements Equipment and other capital assets Construction in progress	\$ 334,837,965 59,758,099 3,191,157	\$ - 1,333,958 -	\$ 334,837,965 61,092,057 3,191,157
Total	397,787,221	1,333,958	399,121,179
Accumulated depreciation	(126,312,871)	(1,069,591)	(127,382,462)
Net	\$ 271,474,350	\$ 264,367	\$ 271,738,717

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2023, the District had long-term debt of \$185,185,000 (see details in Note 9 to the financial statements) issued, authorized and outstanding, including referendum debt of \$60,925,000 related to the District's High School Project. Debt issued based on a voter referendum is excluded when comparing to the legal limit of debt. Debt that is not related to the referendum of \$124,260,000 is significantly below the legal limit of \$399,113,504.

Factors Expected to Have an Effect on Future Operations

The District has been awarded \$9,611,501 in various federal COVID relief funds. Funds utilized through 2022-23 total \$9,411,787, with the remaining funds projected to be utilized through 2023-24, funding various initiatives to address social, emotional and health needs of students, assist in the recovery costs related to lost learning during the pandemic, provide student learning during periods of quarantine and fund other qualified expenditures to supplement decreased revenues related to the economic impacts of the pandemic.

The assessed value of real estate used for the 2023-24 budget preparation is approximately \$2.5 billion, which is up approximately \$18.6 million, or 0.75%, from 2022-23. Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund budget for 2023-24 are \$187,132,735, an increase of approximately 3.8% over the 2022-23 original budget of \$180,267,525. The property tax rate will increase 4.1% to 49.6082 mills following a property tax increase of 3.4% in the 2022-23 budget. The District will use this increase in revenues to finance two Mental Health Clinicians and a Bilingual Family Liaison, new reading curriculum, maintenance services for physical plant, as well as an investment in a new Human Resources System and a Girl's Wrestling program. Other significant budget increases related to estimated inflation and Cyber Security system enhancements required by insurance carriers. Committed fund balance of \$35,381,831 will be utilized to maintain unassigned fund balance within the state maximum of 8%. Transfers to the Capital Reserve Fund are expected to be eliminated.

The State College community is dedicated to ensuring that all students acquire the necessary skills and knowledge to enhance and develop their unique capabilities. Education is an investment in the future that requires a partnership between schools and the entire community. The District is committed to using its resources wisely and to delivering quality educational programs.

The District continually strives to enhance the cost-effectiveness of its operations, and of its program delivery, without sacrificing quality. The District's financial planning process includes a multi-year budget that is updated annually and can be found in the budget document. The multi-year budget projects revenues and expenses using historical results and future expectations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
June 30, 2023

Referendum/Property Tax Relief - Special Session Act 1 of 2006

Act 1 of 2006 limited the ability of school districts to raise taxes above an inflationary index. It also gave districts the option of asking voters if they wanted to increase income taxes to decrease property taxes. In the 2007 primary election, 498 school districts were required to propose a referendum question asking voters to authorize an increase in the Earned Income Tax (EIT) or authorize a Personal Income Tax in order to provide property tax reductions through the homestead and farmstead exclusion. The referendum question proposed for the State College Area School District was to increase the EIT by .7% for a total EIT rate of 1.65%. This referendum was defeated by voters.

School districts are now governed by back-end referendum requirements for increases in property tax rates. School districts are prohibited from increasing their tax rates above the annual inflationary percentage and must place referendum questions before the voters to approve further increases. Exceptions for rate increases above the index without going to referendum exist for special education costs, retirement rate changes, debt issuances and certain other limited areas. The Act 1 Index for 2022-2023 was 3.4%.

Installment payments for real estate tax bills also went into effect beginning in 2007. All school districts, except Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, were required to offer homestead and farmstead property owners the option to pay their property taxes in installments. School districts are required to notify homestead and farmstead property owners of this option as part of their property tax bills. A taxpayer who elects this option and who is delinquent by more than ten days on two or more installment payments will be ineligible for the installment option in the following year.

Strategic Plan

The Pennsylvania Department of Education (PDE) requires all school districts to develop a plan to prioritize goals, focusing on improving student learning in accordance with its community's experiences and desires. The 2021-2024 strategic plan was created as a refresh to the 2018-2023 strategic plan. A steering team comprised of district parents, students, teachers, board members and administrators created the plan. The strategic plan and its annual updates are required to be submitted to PDE each year.

District Growth

DecisionInsite, enrollment impact specialists, were engaged to provide enrollment projections for the District. DecisionInsite used historical enrollment data, recent trends and projected new residential development to forecast student enrollment from 2016 to 2026. Both moderate and conservative projections forecast an increase in enrollment of approximately 1% to 2%, respectively, across the forecasted period. The District hired a consultant to update enrollment projections in 2022, in addition to receiving updated projections from PowerSchool who purchased DecisionInsite.

District-Wide Facilities Master Plan

Beginning in 2023-2024, the District plans to embark on an additional facility master plan related to a middle school project, in addition to completing playgrounds and projects at various athletic facilities. The work of the consultant hired to complete enrollment projections in 2022 are also expected to identify facility capacity and attendance boundary issues. The 2023-2024 projections and analysis suggested the construction of an addition to the Mount Nittany Elementary School whose enrollment has exceeded capacity for the previous two years.

Contact the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's Business Office at (814) 231-1021.

Page		Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activity	Total
Can and canah equivalents \$ 8,047,000 \$ 2,891,648 2,991,648 2,991,648 2,991,648 2,991,648 2,991,648 2,991,648 2,991,648 2,991,648 2,991,648 2,991,648 2,991,648 2,991,648 2,991,648 2,991,628 2,991,628 2,991,628 2,991,791 3,991	Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Tames receivable, net internal balances				
Internatibalances	·		\$ 2,359,591	
Description of the governments	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		- 7 655	2,691,648
Mathematical membrases 34,878 21,300 70,100 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		* * *	,	8 498 081
	<u>e</u>			, ,
Total current assets	Inventories			
Noncurrent Assets 66,127,492 66,127,492 66,127,492 66,127,492 66,127,492 66,127,492 66,127,492 66,127,492 27,48,697 27,48,697 27,48,697 27,48,697 330,089,268 69,300,082 68,320,082 68,320,082 68,320,082 68,320,082 68,320,082 69,300,082 69,300,082 69,300,082 69,300,082 69,300,082 74,105 <th< td=""><td>Other current assets</td><td>8,417</td><td></td><td>8,417</td></th<>	Other current assets	8,417		8,417
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	Total current assets	91,640,920	2,839,519	94,480,439
Page Page	Noncurrent Assets			
Liabilgs and improvements	Restricted cash and cash equivalents	66,127,492	-	66,127,492
Buildings and improvements	·			
Equipment and other capital assets \$9,016.99			-	, ,
Right-ouse subscription assets	·		1 333 058	
Construction in progress	· · ·		1,000,900	
Accumulated depreciation (126,312,871) (1,009,591) (127,382,462) Total noncurrent assets 337,601,842 264,367 337,866,209 Total assets 429,242,762 3,103,886 432,246,868 Deferred Outflows of Resources 43,402,427 865,539 44,267,966 Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) 3,288,002 90,268 3,320,208 Deferred amounts on refunding 684,438 9,056 684,438 Total deferred outflows of resources 47,384,867 959,565 48,344,432 Total \$ 476,627,629 \$ 4,063,451 \$ 480,691,080 Current Liabilities \$ 3,156,355 \$ 6,874 \$ 3,163,229 Current portion of bonds payshle \$ 9,440,000 \$ 9,440,000 \$ 9,440,000 Current portion of lease liability \$ 2,000 \$ 9,572,777 \$ 9,572,777 \$ 9,572,777 Payoroll deductions and withholdings \$ 9,572,777 \$ 9,572,777 \$ 9,572,777 \$ 9,572,777 \$ 9,572,777 \$ 9,572,777 \$ 9,572,777 \$ 9,522,777 \$ 9,572,777 \$ 9,572,777 \$ 9,572,777 \$ 9,572,777	·	,	_	,
Total assets			(1,069,591)	
Total assets	Total noncurrent assets	337.601.842	264.367	337.866.209
Pension	Total assets		-	
Pensisn		,	3,100,000	102,010,010
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) 3,298,002 94,026 3,392,028 Deferred amounts on refunding 684,438 - 684,438 Total deferred outflows of resources 47,384,867 959,565 48,344,432 Total \$ 476,627,529 \$ 4063,451 \$ 406,901,000 Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position Current Liabilities Accounts payable \$ 3,156,355 \$ 6,874 \$ 3,163,229 Current portion of bonds payable 9,440,000 \$ 9,400,000 \$ 9,400,000 Current portion of bonds payable 9,517,717 \$ 13,775,381 \$ 13,775,381 \$ 13,775,381 \$ 13,775,381 \$ 13,775,381 \$ 13,775,381 \$ 13,775,381 \$ 13,775,381 \$ 13,775,381 \$ 13,775,381 \$ 13,775,381 \$ 13,775,381 \$ 13,775,381 \$ 13,830,375 \$ 13,830,375 \$ 13,830,375 \$ 13,830,375 \$ 13,830,375 \$ 13,830,375 \$ 13,830,375 \$ 13,830,375 \$ 13,830,375 \$ 13,830,375 \$ 13,830,375 \$ 13,830,375 \$ 13,830,375 \$ 13,830,375 \$ 13,830,375 \$ 13,830,375 \$ 13,830,375		43.402.427	865.539	44.267.966
Total deferred autilities of resources				
Total \$ 476,627,629 \$ 4,063,451 \$ 480,691,080		684,438	<u> </u>	
Current Liabilities	Total deferred outflows of resources	47,384,867	959,565	48,344,432
Current Liabilities Accounts payable \$ 3,156,355 \$ 6,874 \$ 3,163,229 Current portion of bonds payable 9,440,000 - 9,440,000 Current portion of lease liability 42,606 - 42,606 Accrued salaries and benefits 13,770,134 5,247 13,775,381 Payroll deductions and withholdings 9,572,787 - 9,572,787 Unearmed revenue 660,2144 96,239 698,383 Other current liabilities 33,742,019 292,261 40,034,280 Noncurrent Liabilities Bonds payable 194,630,575 - 194,630,575 Lease liability 96,528 - 96,528 Other postemployment benefits liability (OPEB) 13,980,034 440,310 14,420,344 Net pension liability 223,700,918 4,461,082 228,162,000 Compensated absences 1,964,049 52,892 2,016,941 Total noncurrent liabilities 474,114,123 5,246,545 479,360,688 Deferred Inflows of Resources Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) 4,604,726	Total	\$ 476,627,629	\$ 4,063,451	\$ 480,691,080
Accounts payable \$ 3,156,355 \$ 6,874 \$ 3,163,229 Current portion of bonds payable 9,440,000 - 9,440,000 Current portion of fease liability 42,606 - 42,606 Accorued salaries and benefits 13,770,134 5,247 13,775,381 Payroll deductions and withholdings 95,72,787 - 9,572,787 Unearned revenue 602,144 99,239 698,383 Other current liabilities 33,742,019 292,261 40,034,289 Total current liabilities 39,742,019 292,261 40,034,280 Noncurrent Liabilities 194,630,575 - 194,630,575 Lease liability 96,528 - 194,630,575 Lease liability 133,800,34 440,310 14,420,344 Net pension liability 24,44,242 228,162,000 Compensated absences 1,984,049 52,892 2016,941 Total ilabilities	Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position			
Current portion of bonds payable 9,440,000 - 9,440,000 Current portion of lease liability 42,606 - 42,606 Accrued salaries and benefits 13,770,134 5,247 13,775,381 Payroll deductions and withholdings 9,572,787 - 9,572,787 Unearned revenue 602,144 96,239 698,383 Other current liabilities 3,157,993 183,901 3,341,894 Total current liabilities 39,742,019 292,261 40,034,280 Noncurrent Liabilities 96,528 - 96,528 96,528 Compansated benefits liability (OPEB) 13,980,034 440,310 14,420,344 Net persion liability 223,700,918 4,461,082 228,162,000 Compensated absences 1,964,049 52,892 2,016,941 Total noncurrent liabilities 474,114,123 5,246,545 479,360,668 Deferred Inflows of Resources Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) 4,604,726 161,780 4,766,506 Pension 10,990,819 219,181 11,210,000 Total deferred inflows				
Current portion of lease liability 42,606 - 42,508 Accrued salaries and benefitis 13,770,134 5,247 13,778,381 Payroll deductions and withholdings 9,572,787 - 9,572,787 Unearned revenue 602,144 96,239 698,383 Other current liabilities 33,742,019 292,261 40,034,280 Noncurrent Liabilities Bonds payable 194,630,575 - 194,630,575 Lease liability 96,528 - 96,528 Other postemployment benefits liability (OPEB) 13,980,034 440,310 14,20,344 Net pension liability 223,700,918 4,461,032 228,122,000 Compensated absences 1,964,049 52,892 2,016,941 Total noncurrent liabilities 434,372,104 4,954,284 439,326,388 Total postemployment benefits (OPEB) 4,604,726 161,780 4,766,506 Pension 10,990,819 219,181 11,210,000 Total deferred inflows of resources 15,595,545 380,961 15,976,506 <tr< td=""><td></td><td>, ,</td><td>\$ 6,874</td><td>, , .</td></tr<>		, ,	\$ 6,874	, , .
Accrued salaries and benefits 13,770,134 5,247 13,775,381 Payroll deductions and withholdings 9,572,787 - 9,572,787 Unearned revenue 602,144 96,239 698,383 Other current liabilities 3,157,993 183,901 3,341,894 Total current liabilities 39,742,019 292,261 40,034,280 Noncurrent Liabilities Bonds payable 194,630,575 - 194,630,575 Lease liability 96,528 - 96,528 Other postemployment benefits liability (OPEB) 13,980,034 440,310 14,420,344 Net pension liability 223,700,918 4,461,082 228,162,000 Compensated absences 1,964,049 52,892 2,016,941 Total noncurrent liabilities 474,114,123 5,246,545 479,360,668 Deferred Inflows of Resources Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) 4,604,726 161,780 4,766,506 Description (Deficit) 4,604,726 380,961 15,976,506 Net inves			-	, ,
Payroll deductions and withholdings 9,572,787 - 9,572,787 Unearned revenue 602,144 96,239 698,383 Other current liabilities 3,157,993 183,901 3,341,894 Total current liabilities 39,742,019 292,261 40,034,280 Noncurrent Liabilities 194,630,575 - 194,630,575 Bonds payable 19,96,528 - 96,528 Chese liability 96,528 - 96,528 Other postemployment benefits liability (OPEB) 13,980,034 440,101 14,420,344 Net pension liabilities 223,700,918 4,461,082 228,162,000 Compensated absences 1,964,049 52,892 2,016,941 Total noncurrent liabilities 434,372,104 4,954,284 439,326,388 Total liabilities 4,604,726 161,780 4,79,360,668 Deferred Inflows of Resources Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) 4,604,726 161,780 4,766,506 Pension 10,990,819 219,181 11,210,000 Net Pos		,	5.247	,
Unearned revenue 602,144 96,239 698,383 Other current liabilities 3,157,993 183,901 3,341,894 Total current liabilities 39,742,019 292,261 40,034,280 Noncurrent Liabilities 194,630,575 - 194,630,575 Lease liability 96,528 - 96,528 Other postemployment benefits liability (OPEB) 13,980,034 440,310 14,420,344 Net pension liability 223,700,918 4,461,082 228,162,000 Compensated absences 1,964,049 52,892 2,016,941 Total noncurrent liabilities 434,372,104 4,954,284 439,326,388 Total liabilities 4,74,114,123 5,246,545 479,360,668 Deferred Inflows of Resources Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) 4,604,726 161,780 4,766,506 Pension 10,990,819 219,181 11,210,000 Total deferred inflows of resources 15,595,545 380,961 15,976,506 Net investment in capital assets 69,029,231 264,367 69,293,598 <td>Payroll deductions and withholdings</td> <td>-, -, -</td> <td>-,</td> <td></td>	Payroll deductions and withholdings	-, -, -	-,	
Total current liabilities 39,742,019 292,261 40,034,280 Noncurrent Liabilities 194,630,575 - 194,630,575 Bonds payable 96,528 - 96,528 Lease liability 96,528 - 96,528 Other postemployment benefits liability (OPEB) 13,980,034 440,310 14,420,344 Net pension liability 223,700,918 4,461,082 228,162,000 Compensated absences 1,964,049 52,892 2,016,941 Total noncurrent liabilities 434,372,104 4,954,284 439,326,388 Total liabilities 474,114,123 5,246,545 479,360,668 Deferred Inflows of Resources Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) 4,604,726 161,780 4,766,506 Pension 10,990,819 219,181 11,210,000 Net Position (Deficit) Net investment in capital assets 69,029,231 264,367 69,293,598 Restricted (for capital projects and debt service) 70,755,157 - 70,755,157 Unrestricted deficit (152,866,427) (1,828,422)		602,144	96,239	698,383
Noncurrent Liabilities Instruction of the payable of the	Other current liabilities	3,157,993	183,901	3,341,894
Bonds payable 194,630,575 - 194,630,575 Lease liability 96,528 - 96,528 Other postemployment benefits liability (OPEB) 13,980,034 440,310 14,420,344 Net pension liability 223,700,918 4,461,082 228,162,000 Compensated absences 1,964,049 52,892 2,016,941 Total noncurrent liabilities 434,372,104 4,954,284 439,326,388 Total liabilities 474,114,123 5,246,545 479,360,668 Deferred Inflows of Resources Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) 4,604,726 161,780 4,766,506 Pension 10,990,819 219,181 11,210,000 Net Position (Deficit) Net position (Deficit) 69,029,231 264,367 69,293,598 Restricted (for capital projects and debt service) 70,755,157 - 70,755,157 Unrestricted deficit (152,866,427) (1,828,422) (154,694,849) Total net position (deficit) (13,082,039) (1,1564,055) (14,646,094)	Total current liabilities	39,742,019	292,261	40,034,280
Lease liability 96,528 - 96,528 Other postemployment benefits liability (OPEB) 13,980,034 440,310 14,420,344 Net pension liability 223,700,918 4,461,082 228,162,000 Compensated absences 1,964,049 52,892 2,016,941 Total noncurrent liabilities 434,372,104 4,954,284 439,326,388 Total liabilities 474,114,123 5,246,545 479,360,668 Deferred Inflows of Resources Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) 4,604,726 161,780 4,766,506 Pension 10,990,819 219,181 11,210,000 Net Position (Deficit) Net investment in capital assets 69,029,231 264,367 69,293,598 Restricted (for capital projects and debt service) 70,755,157 - 70,755,157 Unrestricted deficit (152,866,427) (1,828,422) (154,694,849) Total net position (deficit) (13,082,039) (1,564,055) (14,646,094)	Noncurrent Liabilities			
Other postemployment benefits liability (OPEB) 13,980,034 440,310 14,420,344 Net pension liability 223,700,918 4,461,082 228,162,000 Compensated absences 1,964,049 52,892 2,016,941 Total noncurrent liabilities 434,372,104 4,954,284 439,326,388 Total liabilities 474,114,123 5,246,545 479,360,668 Deferred Inflows of Resources Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) 4,604,726 161,780 4,766,506 Pension 10,990,819 219,181 11,210,000 Total deferred inflows of resources 15,595,545 380,961 15,976,506 Net investment in capital assets 69,029,231 264,367 69,293,598 Restricted (for capital projects and debt service) 70,755,157 - 70,755,157 Unrestricted deficit (152,866,427) (1,828,422) (154,694,849) Total net position (deficit) (13,082,039) (1,564,055) (14,646,094)	·		-	
Net pension liability 223,700,918 4,461,082 228,162,000 Compensated absences 1,964,049 52,892 2,016,941 Total noncurrent liabilities 434,372,104 4,954,284 439,326,388 Total liabilities 474,114,123 5,246,545 479,360,668 Deferred Inflows of Resources Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) 4,604,726 161,780 4,766,506 Pension 10,990,819 219,181 11,210,000 Total deferred inflows of resources 15,595,545 380,961 15,976,506 Net Position (Deficit) 80,029,231 264,367 69,293,598 Restricted (for capital projects and debt service) 70,755,157 - 70,755,157 Unrestricted deficit (152,866,427) (1,828,422) (154,694,849) Total net position (deficit) (13,082,039) (1,564,055) (14,646,094)			-	
Compensated absences 1,964,049 52,892 2,016,941 Total noncurrent liabilities 434,372,104 4,954,284 439,326,388 Total liabilities 474,114,123 5,246,545 479,360,668 Deferred Inflows of Resources Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) 4,604,726 161,780 4,766,506 Pension 10,990,819 219,181 11,210,000 Total deferred inflows of resources 15,595,545 380,961 15,976,506 Net Position (Deficit) 8 69,029,231 264,367 69,293,598 Restricted (for capital projects and debt service) 70,755,157 - 70,755,157 Unrestricted deficit (152,866,427) (1,828,422) (154,694,849) Total net position (deficit) (13,082,039) (1,564,055) (14,646,094)				, ,
Total noncurrent liabilities 434,372,104 4,954,284 439,326,388 Total liabilities 474,114,123 5,246,545 479,360,668 Deferred Inflows of Resources Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) 4,604,726 161,780 4,766,506 Pension 10,990,819 219,181 11,210,000 Total deferred inflows of resources 15,595,545 380,961 15,976,506 Net Position (Deficit) Net investment in capital assets 69,029,231 264,367 69,293,598 Restricted (for capital projects and debt service) 70,755,157 - 70,755,157 Unrestricted deficit (152,866,427) (1,828,422) (154,694,849) Total net position (deficit) (13,082,039) (1,564,055) (14,646,094)		, ,		
Total liabilities 474,114,123 5,246,545 479,360,668 Deferred Inflows of Resources Uther postemployment benefits (OPEB) 4,604,726 161,780 4,766,506 Pension 10,990,819 219,181 11,210,000 Total deferred inflows of resources 15,595,545 380,961 15,976,506 Net Position (Deficit) 8 69,029,231 264,367 69,293,598 Restricted (for capital projects and debt service) 70,755,157 - 70,755,157 Unrestricted deficit (152,866,427) (1,828,422) (154,694,849) Total net position (deficit) (13,082,039) (1,564,055) (14,646,094)	·			
Deferred Inflows of Resources Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) 4,604,726 161,780 4,766,506 Pension 10,990,819 219,181 11,210,000 Total deferred inflows of resources 15,595,545 380,961 15,976,506 Net Position (Deficit) Net investment in capital assets 69,029,231 264,367 69,293,598 Restricted (for capital projects and debt service) 70,755,157 - 70,755,157 Unrestricted deficit (152,866,427) (1,828,422) (154,694,849) Total net position (deficit) (13,082,039) (1,564,055) (14,646,094)				
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) 4,604,726 161,780 4,766,506 Pension 10,990,819 219,181 11,210,000 Total deferred inflows of resources 15,595,545 380,961 15,976,506 Net Position (Deficit) 8 8 10,000,000 10,		474,114,125	3,240,343	479,300,000
Pension 10,990,819 219,181 11,210,000 Total deferred inflows of resources 15,595,545 380,961 15,976,506 Net Position (Deficit) 8 69,029,231 264,367 69,293,598 Restricted (for capital projects and debt service) 70,755,157 - 70,755,157 Unrestricted deficit (152,866,427) (1,828,422) (154,694,849) Total net position (deficit) (13,082,039) (1,564,055) (14,646,094)		4 604 726	161 780	4 766 506
Net Position (Deficit) 69,029,231 264,367 69,293,598 Restricted (for capital projects and debt service) 70,755,157 - 70,755,157 Unrestricted deficit (152,866,427) (1,828,422) (154,694,849) Total net position (deficit) (13,082,039) (1,564,055) (14,646,094)	,			
Net investment in capital assets 69,029,231 264,367 69,293,598 Restricted (for capital projects and debt service) 70,755,157 - 70,755,157 Unrestricted deficit (152,866,427) (1,828,422) (154,694,849) Total net position (deficit) (13,082,039) (1,564,055) (14,646,094)	Total deferred inflows of resources	15,595,545	380,961	15,976,506
Restricted (for capital projects and debt service) 70,755,157 - 70,755,157 Unrestricted deficit (152,866,427) (1,828,422) (154,694,849) Total net position (deficit) (13,082,039) (1,564,055) (14,646,094)	Net Position (Deficit)			
Unrestricted deficit (152,866,427) (1,828,422) (154,694,849) Total net position (deficit) (13,082,039) (1,564,055) (14,646,094)	Net investment in capital assets	69,029,231	264,367	69,293,598
Total net position (deficit) (13,082,039) (1,564,055) (14,646,094)	, , , ,		-	
	Unrestricted deficit	(152,866,427)	(1,828,422)	(154,694,849)
Total <u>\$ 476,627,629</u> <u>\$ 4,063,451</u> <u>\$ 480,691,080</u>	Total net position (deficit)	(13,082,039)	(1,564,055)	(14,646,094)
	Total	\$ 476,627,629	\$ 4,063,451	\$ 480,691,080

State College Area School District Statement of Activities

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Program Revenues Operating				Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position			
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activity	Total		
Functions/Programs									
Governmental activities:	ф (OF 000 704)	ф 4.400.440	Ф 40.440.540	Φ.	Ф /7F 404 000\		ф (7F 404 000)		
Instruction	\$ (95,009,724)	\$ 1,462,113	\$ 18,446,549	\$ -	\$ (75,101,062)		\$ (75,101,062)		
Instructional student support Administration and financial support services	(14,150,554) (17,086,738)	-	1,869,739 3,396,821	-	(12,280,815) (13,689,917)		(12,280,815) (13,689,917)		
Operation and maintenance of plant services	(20,185,295)	- 123,195	842,636	-	(19,219,464)		(19,219,464)		
Pupil transportation	(6,649,350)	123, 193	1,124,769	-	(5,524,581)		(5,524,581)		
Student activities	(2,956,607)	_	93,269	_	(2,863,338)		(2,863,338)		
Community services	(62,860)	_	11,257	_	(51,603)		(51,603)		
Interest on long-term debt	(7,016,786)	_	910,864	_	(6,105,922)		(6,105,922)		
Depreciation and amortization, unallocated	(422,410)	_	-	-	(422,410)		(422,410)		
•									
Total governmental activities	(163,540,324)	1,585,308	26,695,904	-	(135,259,112)		(135,259,112)		
Business-Type Activity									
Food service	(5,106,933)	2,646,009	3,036,860			\$ 575,936	575,936		
Total	\$ (168,647,257)	\$ 4,231,317	\$ 29,732,764	\$ -	(135,259,112)	575,936	(134,683,176)		
	General Revenue	ne .							
		ր ց levied for general բ	nurnoses net		118,987,854	_	118,987,854		
	Other taxes	iovica for gorioral p	arpooco, not		22,018,447	_	22,018,447		
		es and contribution	s not restricted		12,389,990	_	12,389,990		
	Investment earn				, ,		, ,		
	Interest	3			5,431,772	-	5,431,772		
	Miscellaneous ir	ncome			843,841	-	843,841		
	Loss on disposa	l of assets			(173,503)		(173,503)		
	Total ge	neral revenues			159,498,401		159,498,401		
	Change	s in net position			24,239,289	575,936	24,815,225		
	Net Deficit, Begi	nning			(37,321,328)	(2,139,991)	(39,461,319)		
	Net Deficit, Endi	ng			\$ (13,082,039)	\$ (1,564,055)	\$ (14,646,094)		

June 30, 2023

	Major Funds							
	Capital		I	Nonmajor				
		General		Reserve		Funds		Total
Assets								
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	79,837,407	\$	-	\$	641,965	\$	80,479,372
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		-		62,146,455		3,981,037		66,127,492
Taxes receivable, net		2,691,648		-		-		2,691,648
Due from other funds		307,859		8,657,485		5,239,499		14,204,843
Due from other governments		8,111,079		-		-		8,111,079
Other receivables		342,878		-		-		342,878
Inventories		1,561,482		-		-		1,561,482
Other current assets		552,341						552,341
Total	\$	93,404,694	\$	70,803,940	\$	9,862,501	\$	174,071,135
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Due to other funds	\$	13,904,541	\$	_	\$	153,570	\$	14,058,111
Accounts payable		1,555,092		48,783		1,546,303		3,150,178
Accrued salaries and benefits		13,770,134		-		-		13,770,134
Payroll deductions and withholdings		9,572,787		-		_		9,572,787
Unearned revenue		602,144		-		-		602,144
Other liabilities		1,675,504		-		-		1,675,504
Total liabilities		41,080,202		48,783		1,699,873		42,828,858
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenues, taxes		725,203				-		725,203
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable		1,561,482		-		-		1,561,482
Restricted		-		70,755,157		8,162,628		78,917,785
Committed		35,381,831		-		-		35,381,831
Assigned		84,745		-		-		84,745
Unassigned		14,571,231					_	14,571,231
Total fund balances		51,599,289		70,755,157		8,162,628		130,517,074
Total	\$	93,404,694	\$	70,803,940	\$	9,862,501	\$	174,071,135

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	\$ 130,517,074
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are long-term financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as assets in government funds. The cost of assets is \$397,787,221 and the accumulated depreciation is \$126,312,871.	271,474,350
Property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore, are deferred in the funds.	725,203
Prepaid expenses reclassified to right to use assets	(543,924)
Inventory of books and supplies was reclassified to capital assets.	(1,561,481)
Internal service fund is used by the District to charge the costs of printing services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund, with the exception of capital assets and pension and OPEB related assets and liabilities which are included elsewhere in this reconciliation,	
are reported with governmental activities.	(145,384)
Deferred outflows related to net OPEB liability are not reported in the governmental funds, however, are reported in the statement of net position.	3,298,002
Deferred inflows related to net OPEB liability are not reported in the governmental funds, however are reported in the statement of net position.	(4,604,726)
Deferred outflows related to net pension liability are not reported in the governmental funds, however, are reported in the statement of net position.	43,402,427
Deferred inflows related to net pension liability are not reported in the governmental funds, however, are reported in the statement of net position.	(10,990,819)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:	
Bonds payable Deferred amounts on refunding Accrued interest on long-term debt Net OPEB liability Net pension liability Lease liability	(204,070,575) 684,438 (1,482,489) (13,980,034) (223,700,918) (139,134)
Compensated absences	 (1,964,049)
Total Net Position (Deficit), Governmental Activities	\$ (13,082,039)

State College Area School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Major Funds				
	General	Capital Reserve	Nonmajor Funds	Total	
Revenues					
Local sources	\$ 147,582,532	\$ 1,668,571	\$ 615,442	\$ 149,866,545	
State sources	34,675,855	φ 1,000,571 -	φ 015,442 -	34,675,855	
Federal sources	3,359,845	_	_	3,359,845	
i ederal sources	3,333,043			3,339,043	
Total revenues	185,618,232	1,668,571	615,442	187,902,245	
Expenditures					
Instruction	100,196,488	-	-	100,196,488	
Support services	51,547,595	-	-	51,547,595	
Noninstructional services	2,864,741	-	301,706	3,166,447	
Facilities acquisition, construction and					
improvement services	6,223	1,999,538	4,477,788	6,483,549	
Debt service			17,473,425	17,473,425	
Total expenditures	154,615,047	1,999,538	22,252,919	178,867,504	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures before other financing					
sources (uses)	31,003,185	(330,967)	(21,637,477)	9,034,741	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfer in	_	9,000,000	19,816,746	28,816,746	
Leases and other right to use arrangements	-	-	-	-	
Refund of prior year receipts	(13,265)	-	-	(13,265)	
Transfer out	(28,816,746)			(28,816,746)	
Total other financing (uses) sources	(28,830,011)	9,000,000	19,816,746	(13,265)	
Changes in fund balances	2,173,174	8,669,033	(1,820,731)	9,021,476	
Fund Balances, Beginning	49,426,115	62,086,124	9,983,359	121,495,598	
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 51,599,289	\$ 70,755,157	\$ 8,162,628	\$ 130,517,074	

State College Area School District
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2023

Total Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 9,021,476
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year-end, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds. Unavailable tax revenues decreased by this amount this year.		2,742
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statements of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expenses. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital		
outlays in this period: Depreciation expense Loss on disposal of assets	\$ (10,561,284) (173,503)	
Capital outlays	7,881,925	(2,852,862)
The change in inventory is recorded as an increase or decrease as expense in the governmental funds, but it is reclassified and accounted for through capital outlays and depreciation expense in the statement of activities.		37,277
The issuance of long term debt (bonds) provides current financial resources to government funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial financial resources of government funds. This transaction, however, does not have an an effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums and		
an effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts, and other similar items when debt is issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Reconciling items related to long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:		
New lease arrangements Scheduled principal payments on leases Scheduled principal payments on long-term debt	(154,160) 66,705 8,990,000	8,902,545
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, interest expense		
is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. This would include amortization of bond premiums and deferred		
interest from advanced refunding bonds. The net additional interest accrued in the statement of activities over the amount due is shown here.		1,407,712
Internal service fund is used by the District to charge the costs of printing services to individual funds. The revenues and expenses of the internal service fund are		(468)
reported with governmental activities. Net OPEB liability is considered long-term in nature, and is not reported as a liability within		(400)
the funds. Such a liability is, however, reported within the statement of net position, and changes in the liability is reflected within the statement of net position. This represents the change in OPEB liability and the deferred outflows and inflows related to the OPEB.		(107,053)
Net pension liability is considered long-term in nature, and is not reported as a liability within the funds. Such a liability is, however, reported within the statement of net position, and changes in the liability are reflected within the statement of net position. This represents the change in pension liability and the deferred outflows and inflows related to the pension.		7,741,733
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses, compensated absences (vacations and sick days) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial financial resources used. This amount represents the difference between the amount		
earned versus the amount used.		 86,187
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 24,239,289

State College Area School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

		d Amount		Variance With Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 140,611,289	\$ 140,936,988	\$ 147,582,532	\$ 6,645,544
State sources	33,502,270	33,954,962	34,675,855	720,893
Federal sources	2,923,993	3,152,181	3,359,845	207,664
Total revenues	177,037,552	178,044,131	185,618,232	7,574,101
Expenditures				
Instruction:				
Regular programs	72,339,403	73,348,676	70,278,206	3,070,470
Special programs Vocational education programs	24,712,169 3,985,782	24,105,749 4,075,078	23,058,527 3,941,278	1,047,222 133,800
Other instructional programs	3,336,244	3,330,545	2,879,482	451,063
Adult education programs	5,557	5,507	5,326	181
Nonpublic school programs	22,500	48,777	33,669	15,108
Total instruction	104,401,655	104,914,332	100,196,488	4,717,844
Support services:	0.000.450	0.005.040	0.000.054	00.000
Pupil personnel Instructional staff	6,839,159	6,905,043	6,836,654	68,389
Administration	6,125,913	6,137,465	5,722,074	415,391 293,026
Pupil health	9,741,941 2,445,400	9,622,365 2,661,713	9,329,339 2,656,945	4,768
Business	1,539,340	1,727,798	1,677,575	50,223
Operation and maintenance of plant services	12,971,354	12,771,417	12,335,538	435,879
Student transportation services	7,229,110	7,126,582	6,922,304	204,278
Central	7,380,460	6,429,051	6,067,166	361,885
Total support services	54,272,677	53,381,434	51,547,595	1,833,839
Noninstructional services:				
Student activities	3,057,284	3,055,493	2,801,677	253,816
Community services	47,490	80,687	63,064	17,623
Scholarships and awards	1,000	-	-	-
Total noninstructional services	3,105,774	3,136,180	2,864,741	271,439
Facilities acquisition, construction and				
improvement services		6,223	6,223	
Debt service	75,000			
Total expenditures	161,855,106	161,438,169	154,615,047	6,823,122
Excess of revenues over expenditures				
before other financing sources (uses)	15,182,446	16,605,962	31,003,185	14,397,223
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Budgetary reserve	(938,603)	-	-	-
Refund of prior year receipts	-	(24,939)	(13,265)	11,674
Transfers out	(17,473,816)	(19,816,746)	(28,816,746)	(9,000,000)
Total other financing uses, net	(18,412,419)	(19,841,685)	(28,830,011)	(8,988,326)
Changes in fund balances	\$ (3,229,973)	\$ (3,235,723)	2,173,174	\$ 5,408,897
Fund Balances, Beginning			49,426,115	
Fund Balances, Ending			\$ 51,599,289	

State College Area School District
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds
June 30, 2023

	Food Service Fund	Internal Service Fund
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds Due from other governments Other receivables Inventories	\$ 2,359,591 7,655 387,002 21,302 63,969	\$ 30 30,865 - - 15,150
Total current assets	2,839,519	46,045
Noncurrent Assets Equipment Accumulated depreciation	1,333,958 (1,069,591)	636,419 (497,285)
Total noncurrent assets	264,367	139,134
Deferred Outflows of Resources OPEB Pension	94,026 865,539	4,422 51,343
Total deferred outflows of resources	959,565	55,765
Total	\$ 4,063,451	\$ 240,944
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Deficit		
Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued salaries and benefits Due to other funds Other liabilities Lease liability Unearned revenue Total current liabilities	\$ 6,874 5,247 - 183,901 - 96,239 292,261	\$ 6,177 - 185,252 - 42,606 - 234,035
Noncurrent Liabilities Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Lease liability Compensated absences Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities	4,461,082 440,310 - 52,892 4,954,284 5,246,545	264,626 19,319 96,528 24,509 404,982 639,017
Deferred Inflows of Resources OPEB Pension Total deferred inflows of resources	161,780 219,181 380,961	4,315 13,002 17,317
Net Deficit Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted deficit	264,367 (1,828,422)	(415,390)
Total net deficit	(1,564,055)	(415,390)
Total	\$ 4,063,451	\$ 240,944

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Food Service Fund	Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues		
Food service revenue	\$ 2,646,009	\$ -
Charges for services		492,191
Total operating revenues	2,646,009	492,191
Operating Expenses		
Salaries and employee benefits	2,639,402	140,523
Food, milk and supplies	2,381,219	153,155
Depreciation	39,628	67,547
Professional and technical services	8,978	100,000
Other purchased services	9,655	10,776
Purchased property services	17,355	3,752
Other objects	10,696	-
Interest		7,777
Total operating expenses	5,106,933	483,530
Operating loss	(2,460,924)	8,661
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
State sources	866,054	-
Federal sources	2,170,806	
Total nonoperating revenues	3,036,860	
Changes in net deficit	575,936	8,661
Net Deficit, Beginning	(2,139,991)	(424,051)
Net Deficit, Ending	\$ (1,564,055)	\$ (415,390)

State College Area School District
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Food Service Fund	Internal Service Fund
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Cash received from customers Cash paid to employees Cash paid to vendors	\$ 2,719,119 (2,793,722) (1,949,375)	\$ 521,543 (306,006) (148,802)
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	 (2,023,978)	66,735
Cash Flows Used in Investing Activities Purchase of equipment	 (97,453)	 <u>-</u>
Cash Flows Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities Principal payments on lease liability	<u>-</u>	(66,705)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities State sources Federal sources	781,027 1,502,823	- -
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	 2,283,850	
Change in cash and cash equivalents	162,419	30
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning	 2,197,172	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$ 2,359,591	\$ 30
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Operating Activities Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) income to net	\$ (2,460,924)	\$ 8,661
cash (used in) provided by operating activities: Depreciation Pension changes OPEB changes USDA donated commodities used Changes in assets and liabilities resulting in the	39,628 (175,082) 22,065 472,465	67,547 (8,213) (1,758)
provision (use) of cash: Inventories Other receivables Due to/from other funds Accounts payable Accrued salaries and benefits Other liabilities Compensated absences	3,657 (15,378) 87,346 2,406 (533) 1,142 (770)	3,750 - (5,833) 889 - - - 1,692
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$ (2,023,978)	\$ 66,735
Noncash Operating, Investing and Noncapital		
Financing Activities Lease liability incurred for equipment	\$ 	\$ 154,160
USDA donated commodities	\$ 472,465	\$

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the State College Area School District (the District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the District are described below.

Nature of Operations

The District is a Class 2 school district that provides education from kindergarten through the twelfth grade in State College, Pennsylvania. The District operates with an elected nine-member Board of Directors that is responsible for the District's activities. The financial statements include all of the District's operations controlled by the Board.

The District is comprised of the Townships of Ferguson, Patton, Halfmoon, College, Harris and portion of Benner and the Borough of State College.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with the criteria established in GASB Statement No. 14, as amended. The specific criteria used in determining whether other organizations should be included in the District's financial reporting entity are financial accountability, fiscal dependency and legal separation.

As defined above, there are no other related organizations that should be included in the District's financial statements, nor is the District considered to be a component unit of any other government.

Basic Financial Statements, Government-Wide Statements

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the District's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The District's General, Capital Reserve, Capital Projects, Debt Service, Student Activity and Internal Service Funds are classified as governmental activities. The District's Food Service Fund is classified as a business-type activity.

In the government-wide statement of net position, both the governmental activities and business-type activity columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets, receivables and deferred outflows of resources, as well as long-term debt and obligations and deferred inflows of resources. The District's net position (deficit) is reported in three parts - net investment in capital assets; restricted net position and unrestricted net position (deficit).

The government-wide statement of activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the District's functions and business-type activity. The functions/programs are also supported by general government revenues. The statement of activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function/program, or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue.

The District does not allocate indirect costs.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position (deficit) resulting from the current year's activities.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Basic Financial Statements, Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The following fund types are used by the District:

Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the major governmental funds of the District:

General Fund

The General Fund is used to account for all financial transactions not accounted for in another fund. Revenues are primarily derived from local property, earned income and local service taxes and state and federal appropriations. Many of the more significant activities of the District, including instruction, administration and certain noninstructional services (including athletics) are accounted for in this fund. The General Fund is reported as a major fund.

Capital Reserve Fund

The Capital Reserve Fund was established under the Pennsylvania Municipal Code to account for (1) moneys transferred during any fiscal year from appropriations made for any particular purpose which may not be needed, (2) surplus moneys in the General Fund of the District at the end of a fiscal year and (3) interest earnings of the fund itself. Bond proceeds and other local, state and federal revenues may not be deposited in this fund. No transfers out of this fund are allowable for any purpose. Expenditures from this fund are limited to: capital improvements, replacement and additions to public works and improvements, for deferred maintenance, for the purchase or replacement of school buses, or to make debt service payments and for no other purpose. The Capital Reserve Fund is a major fund.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Project Fund accounts for the financial resources to be used the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets and debt service payments. The Capital Projects Fund is a nonmajor fund.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund accounts for resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest on outstanding general long-term debt obligations. The Debt Service Fund is a nonmajor fund.

Student Activity Fund

The Student Activity Fund accounts for the monies authorized by Section 511 of the Public School Code of 1949 for school publications and organizations. The Student Activity Fund accounts for the collections and disbursements of assets of various student activities and clubs. The Student Activity Fund is a nonmajor fund.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Proprietary Funds

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position (deficit), financial position and cash flows. The applicable GAAP are those similar to businesses in the private sector.

Food Service Fund

The Food Service Fund accounts for all revenues and expenditures pertaining to cafeteria operations since such operations are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. It is the intent of the government body that the cost of providing such goods or services to the students on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or cost reimbursement plans.

Internal Service Fund

This fund accounts for the revenues and expenses associated with providing printing services by the District's printing services department to schools and other departments of the District on a cost reimbursement basis. As the Internal Service Fund primarily serves the needs of the District, the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses are included in the governmental funds in the government-wide statements.

Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in the District's total net position (deficit).

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Accrual Basis

Both governmental activities and business-type activity in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. For exchange transactions, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, requires tax revenues to be recognized in the year levied while grant revenue is recognized when grantor eligibility requirements are met.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Modified Accrual Basis

The governmental funds' financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period (next fiscal year) or, for real estate taxes, within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. Expenditures, other than principal and interest on bonds payable, compensated absences, postemployment obligations and claims and judgments, are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on bonds and notes payable, compensated absences, postemployment obligations and claims and judgments are recorded as fund liabilities when due and unpaid.

The District reports unearned revenue on its fund financial statements. Unearned revenue arises when potential revenues do not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues may also arise when the District receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District adopts an annual budget for the General Fund in accordance with law.

The budget is maintained on a modified accrual basis by fund, function and object, with expenditures controlled by line item. Appropriations lapse at the end of each year and must be reappropriated.

The School Board approves budget transfers between departments within District funds. Budgeted amounts are reported as most recently adopted by the School Board.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, (including right-to-use lease assets and subscription assets), purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50
Equipment and other capital assets	5 - 20

Lease and subscription assets are typically amortized over the lease/subscription term.

The District does not have any infrastructure capital assets.

Inventories

Inventories consist of books and supplies held by the District and used for a period of more than one year and these inventories are reclassified and reported as capital assets for the government-wide financial statements. Inventories are recorded at original cost less an allowance for wear and tear. The estimated useful life of inventories is five years. Inventories in the Food Service Fund are valued at last unit cost in accordance with the recommendations of the Food and Nutrition Service of the Department of Agriculture and are expensed as used. Food commodities donated by the federal government are valued at an estimated market value.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Compensated Absences

The District accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave and associated employee-related costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. The noncurrent portion (the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years) for governmental funds is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

Governmental Fund Balances

The District classifies its governmental fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints
- Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which
 are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to
 constitutional provisions or enabling legislation
- Committed includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that
 are internally imposed by the District through formal action of the School Board which do not
 lapse at year-end
 - o The School Board of the District is its highest level of decision-making authority, and
 - o The School Board commits funds through a formal board motion.
- Assigned includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the District, but not through a formal action of the School Board
 - The School Board of the District authorized the District Business Administrator to assign funds to specific purposes, and
 - The School Board passed a board motion authorizing assignments for activities as contemplated by the Board.
- Unassigned includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds

Restricted Net Position/Fund Balances

In governmental funds when an expenditure is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the District's policy is generally to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balances and then to other, less-restrictive classifications-committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the District reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position (deficit) that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the District reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position (deficit) that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Pension

The District provides eligible employees with retirement benefits through the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS), a governmental cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PSERS was established as of July 18, 1917, under the provisions of Public Law 1043, No. 343.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of PSERS and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance /with the benefit terms.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the PSERS Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program and the State College Area School District Postemployment Benefits Plan (the State College OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from PSERS and the State College OPEB Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS and the State College OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Leases

The District leases capital assets from other entities. As a lessee, the District reports a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use capital asset (known as the lease asset) on the government-wide financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements, the District recognizes lease proceeds and capital outlay at initiation of the lease, and the outflow of resources for the lease liability as a debt service payment. The District recognize leases as a lease liability and an intangible capital asset.

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

The District reports a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use capital asset (known as the subscription asset) on the government-wide financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements, the District recognizes subscription proceeds and capital outlay at initiation of the subscription, and the outflow of resources for the subscription liability as a debt service payment. The District recognizes subscriptions over \$100,000 as a subscription liability and intangible capital asset.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

New Accounting Pronouncement

The District adopted GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, for the year ended June 30, 2023. This Statement defines a subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA) as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another party's information technology software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets, as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The Statement requires the recognition of a right-to-use subscription asset - an intangible asset - and a corresponding subscription liability. The amortization of the subscription asset is then recognized as an outflow of resources over the subscription term. The adoption of this statement did not have a significant impact on these financial statements.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash include deposits with local institutions, and the Pennsylvania School District Liquid Asset Fund (PSDLAF).

Pennsylvania statutes provide for the investment of governmental funds in certain authorized investment types, including U.S. Treasury bills, other short-term U.S. and Pennsylvania government obligations and insured or collateralized time deposits and certificates of deposit. The statutes do not prescribe regulations related to demand deposits; however, they do allow the pooling of governmental funds for cash management and investment purposes. Pennsylvania Act 72 requires all governmental (public funds) deposits not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation to be collateralized by the financial institution.

GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, requires disclosures related to the following deposit and investment risks: credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk and foreign currency risk. The following is a description of the District's deposit and investment risks:

Deposits With Local Institutions

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. Custodial credit risk is addressed in the District's Policy Number 608, *Bank Accounts*. At June 30, 2023, \$99,801,037 of the District's bank deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk, as these deposits were not covered by depository insurance, but rather were collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, but not in the District's name.

Pennsylvania School District Liquid Asset Fund

The PSDLAF contains assets invested in accordance with Title 24 of the Pennsylvania Statutes Article 4, Section 440.1 (2001). Each participant owns shares of PSDLAF, which invests the pooled assets. Such assets are not considered deposits pursuant to GASB Nos. 3 and 40, and as such are not subject to custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount and bank balances of the District's investment in PSDLAF were \$48,825,266. Due to the short-term nature and liquidity of the investments held within the pool, the fair value of the underlying investments approximates amortized cost.

3. Property Taxes

Property taxes are normally levied on July 1. Taxes are collected at a 2% discount if paid within two months of the bill date and a 10% penalty is assessed for taxes paid more than four months after the bill date. The District also elects to extend an installment option to all property owners. The tax rolls are maintained by Centre County, Pennsylvania, and are collected by elected tax collectors. Centre County also collects delinquent real estate taxes for the District.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

4. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

At June 30, 2023, the following interfund balances were unpaid:

Amounts due from other funds:		
General Fund	\$	307,859
Capital Reserve Fund		8,657,485
Capital Projects Fund		5,239,499
Internal Service Fund		30,865
Food Service Fund		7,655
Total	<u> \$ </u>	14,243,363
Amounts due to other funds:		
General Fund	\$	13,904,541
Internal Service Fund		185,252
School Sponsored Activity Fund		153,570
T	•	44040000
Total	\$	14,243,363

Interfund balances primarily arise between the General Fund and other funds due to operating expenses and capital project related expenses paid out of the General Fund and reimbursed by the applicable fund on a monthly basis. The District determines the amount available to transfer to the Capital Reserve Fund at the end of each fiscal year from the General Fund.

The composition of interfund transfers used to move cash between funds at June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Transfers in:	
Debt Service Fund	\$ 17,473,425
Capital Reserve Fund	9,000,000
Capital Projects Fund	 2,343,321
Total	\$ 28,816,746
Transfers out:	
General Fund	\$ 28,816,746

The General Fund transferred \$17,473,425 to the Debt Service Fund to cover required debt service payments in 2023, \$9,000,000 to the Capital Reserve Fund and \$2,343,321 to the Capital Projects Fund for the purpose of deferred maintenance.

5. Due From Other Governments

The amount reported in the funds at June 30, 2023 as due from other governments is summarized below:

	F	ederal	 State	 Local	 Total
General Fund Food Service Fund	\$	675,907 207,098	\$ 7,048,667 179,904	\$ 386,505 -	\$ 8,111,079 387,002
Total	\$	883,005	\$ 7,228,571	\$ 386,505	\$ 8,498,081

Amounts due from the federal and state governments are primarily federal grants and state subsidies receivable from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Department of Education at June 30, 2023. The amount due from local governments represents receivables earned by the District for special education, but not yet remitted to the District as of June 30, 2023.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

6. Taxes Receivable, Net

A summary of the taxes receivable and related accounts at June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Delinquent real estate taxes receivable	\$ 1,307,056
Earned income taxes receivable	1,161,003
Real estate transfer tax receivable	437,837
Interim real estate tax	30,691
Local service	 9,471
Total	2,946,058
Estimated uncollectible taxes at June 30, 2023	 (254,410)
Total	\$ 2,691,648

7. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land \$ 1,140,457 \$ 1,608,240 \$ - \$ 2,748, Construction in progress 687,248 4,813,383 (2,309,474) 3,191, Total capital assets, not being depreciated being depreciated 1,827,705 6,421,623 (2,309,474) 5,939, Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements 330,247,853 7,859 1,833,556 332,089, Equipment and other capital assets 56,797,128 1,298,283 285,164 58,380,	, 023
Land \$ 1,140,457 \$ 1,608,240 \$ - \$ 2,748, Construction in progress 687,248 4,813,383 (2,309,474) 3,191, Total capital assets, not being depreciated being depreciated 1,827,705 6,421,623 (2,309,474) 5,939, Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements 330,247,853 7,859 1,833,556 332,089, Equipment and other capital assets 56,797,128 1,298,283 285,164 58,380,	
Construction in progress 687,248 4,813,383 (2,309,474) 3,191, Total capital assets, not being depreciated 1,827,705 6,421,623 (2,309,474) 5,939, Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements 330,247,853 7,859 1,833,556 332,089, and approvements 285,164 58,380, and approvements 58,380, and approvements 1,298,283 285,164 58,380, and approvements	
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Buildings and improvements 330,247,853 7,859 1,833,556 332,089, Equipment and other capital assets 56,797,128 1,298,283 285,164 58,380,	9,854
Equipment and other capital assets 56,797,128 1,298,283 285,164 58,380,	
	9,268
),575
	0,537
Equipment-internal service 295,882 295,	5,882
Total capital assets, being depreciated 387,527,240 1,460,302 2,118,720 391,106,	3,262
Accumulated depreciation for:	
Buildings and improvements (70,970,118) (8,564,090) - (79,534,	1,208)
Equipment and other capital assets (44,171,802) (1,929,647) 17,251 (46,084,	1,198)
Leased equipment-internal service (134,698) (66,705) - (201,	1,403)
Equipment, internal service (295,039) (842) - (295,	5,881)
Total accumulated depreciation (115,571,657) (10,561,284) 17,251 (126,115,	5,690)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net 271,955,583 (9,100,982) 2,135,971 264,990,),572
Subscription assets - 543,924 - 543,	3,924
Governmental activities capital assets, net \$ 273,783,288 \$ (2,135,435) \$ (173,503) \$ 271,474,	1,350
Business-type activity:	
Capital assets being depreciated,	
Equipment and other capital assets \$ 1,236,505 \$ 97,453 \$ - \$ 1,333,	3,958
Accumulated depreciation for:	
Equipment and other capital assets (1,029,963) (39,628) - (1,069,) ,591)
Business-type activity capital	
assets, net \$ 206,542 \$ 57,825 \$ - \$ 264,	4,367

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Unallocated	\$ 422,410
Instruction	1,022,098
Instructional support services	1,803
Administrative and financial support services	595,942
Operation and maintenance of plant services	8,519,031
Total depreciation expenses for governmental activities	\$ 10,561,284
Business-type activities:	
Food service	\$ 39,628

Outstanding commitments on projects in process at June 30, 2023 approximated \$11,681,000.

8. Accrued Salaries and Benefits

Accrued salaries and benefits in the General Fund totaling \$13,770,134 represent salaries of \$9,595,913, the District's share of Social Security taxes of \$734,087 for employees' services during the 2022-2023 school term, which are paid during July and August 2023, and retirement plan expense of \$3,383,518 applicable to the accrued salaries at June 30, 2023 and accrued workers' compensation of \$56,616.

9. Long-Term Debt

The changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	Balance, July 1, 2022	Additions	Deductions	Balance, June 30, 2023	Amounts Due Within One Year
Bond Series, 2015	\$ 63,250,000	\$ -	\$ 2,325,000	\$ 60,925,000	\$ 2,440,000
Bond Series, 2015B	12,010,000	-	2,740,000	9,270,000	2,990,000
Bond Series, 2017	38,525,000	-	1,160,000	37,365,000	1,220,000
Bond Series, 2018	46,765,000	-	1,280,000	45,485,000	1,345,000
Bond Series, 2019A	20410,000	-	500,000	19,910,000	520,000
Bond Series, 2019B	7,530,000	-	760,000	6,770,000	810,000
Bond Series, 2020	5,685,000	<u> </u>	225,000	5,460,000	115,000
Total bonds payable	194,175,000	-	8,990,000	185,185,000	\$ 9,440,000
Bond premium	20,307,416		1,421,841	18,885,575	
Total long-term debt	\$ 214,482,416	\$ -	\$ 10,411,841	\$ 204,070,575	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Long-term debt at June 30, 2023 consists of the following:

\$75,120,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2015, due in varying annual installments through March 2040, interest rates of 3% to 5% \$21,590,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series B of 2015, due in varying annual installments through May 2028, interest rates of 3% to 5% \$43,840,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2017, due in varying annual installments through May 2043, interest rates of 3% to 5% \$51,285,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2018, due in varying annual installments through November 2044, interest rates of 2% to 5% \$21,330,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series A of 2019, due in varying annual installments through May 2044, interest rates of 4% to 5% \$10,230,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series B of 2019, due in varying annual installments through November 2029, interest rate of 5% \$5,975,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series B of 2020, due in varying annual installments through March 2028, interest rate of 2% to 4% Unamortized bond premium Total 204,070,575 Current portion \$19,440,000	sing term deat at came est, zeze concluse of the fellowing.	
in varying annual installments through May 2028, interest rates of 3% to 5% \$43,840,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2017, due in varying annual installments through May 2043, interest rates of 3% to 5% \$51,285,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2018, due in varying annual installments through November 2044, interest rates of 2% to 5% \$21,330,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series A of 2019, due in varying annual installments through May 2044, interest rates of 4% to 5% \$10,230,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series B of 2019, due in varying annual installments through November 2029, interest rate of 5% \$5,975,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2020, due in varying annual installments through March 2028, interest rate of 2% to 4% Unamortized bond premium Total \$204,070,575 Current portion 9,440,000	due in varying annual installments through March 2040,	\$ 60,925,000
varying annual installments through May 2043, interest rates of 3% to 5% \$51,285,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2018, due in varying annual installments through November 2044, interest rates of 2% to 5% \$21,330,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series A of 2019, due in varying annual installments through May 2044, interest rates of 4% to 5% \$10,230,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series B of 2019, due in varying annual installments through November 2029, interest rate of 5% \$5,975,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2020, due in varying annual installments through March 2028, interest rate of 2% to 4% Unamortized bond premium Total \$204,070,575 Current portion \$9,440,000	in varying annual installments through May 2028, interest	9,270,000
varying annual installments through November 2044, interest rates of 2% to 5% \$21,330,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series A of 2019, due in varying annual installments through May 2044, interest rates of 4% to 5% \$10,230,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series B of 2019, due in varying annual installments through November 2029, interest rate of 5% \$5,975,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2020, due in varying annual installments through March 2028, interest rate of 2% to 4% Unamortized bond premium Total \$204,070,575 Current portion 9,440,000	varying annual installments through May 2043, interest rates	37,365,000
in varying annual installments through May 2044, interest rates of 4% to 5% \$10,230,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series B of 2019, due in varying annual installments through November 2029, interest rate of 5% \$5,975,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2020, due in varying annual installments through March 2028, interest rate of 2% to 4% Unamortized bond premium \$18,885,575 Total \$204,070,575 Current portion \$9,440,000	varying annual installments through November 2044, interest	45,485,000
in varying annual installments through November 2029, interest rate of 5% 6,770,000 \$5,975,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2020, due in varying annual installments through March 2028, interest rate of 2% to 4% 5,460,000 Unamortized bond premium 18,885,575 Total 204,070,575 Current portion 9,440,000	in varying annual installments through May 2044, interest	19,910,000
varying annual installments through March 2028, interest rate of 2% to 4%5,460,000Unamortized bond premium18,885,575Total204,070,575Current portion9,440,000	in varying annual installments through November 2029,	6,770,000
Total 204,070,575 Current portion 9,440,000	varying annual installments through March 2028, interest	5,460,000
Current portion 9,440,000	Unamortized bond premium	 18,885,575
	Total	204,070,575
Long-term debt \$ 194,630,575	Current portion	 9,440,000
<u> </u>	Long-term debt	\$ 194,630,575

Debt service requirements at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	 Principal		Interest		Total	
Years ending June 30:						
2024	\$ 9,440,000	\$	8,034,425	\$	17,474,425	
2025	9,915,000		7,561,825		17,476,825	
2026	10,405,000		7,065,800		17,470,800	
2027	9,810,000		6,627,475		16,437,475	
2028	10,235,000		6,201,475		16,436,475	
2029 - 2033	40,735,000		25,226,988		65,961,988	
2034 - 2038	46,910,000		16,719,274		63,629,274	
2039 - 2043	41,750,000		6,090,386		47,840,386	
2044 - 2045	5,985,000		273,300		6,258,300	
Total	\$ 185,185,000	\$	83,800,948	\$	268,985,948	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

10. Fund Balance Classifications

The District presents its governmental fund balances by level of constraint in the aggregate on its balance sheet - governmental funds. The individual specific purposes of each constraint are presented below:

	General Fund	Cap	oital Reserve Fund	 lonmajor Funds	Total
Nonspendable for inventories	\$ 1,561,482	\$		\$ 	\$ 1,561,482
Restricted for: Capital projects and debt service	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	70,755,157	\$ 8,162,628	\$ 78,917,785
Assigned for: Career and Technology Center accounts	\$ 84,745	\$		\$ 	\$ 84,745
Committed for: Debt service Health insurance	\$ 27,389,041 7,992,790	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ - -	\$ 27,389,041 7,992,790
Total committed	\$ 35,381,831	\$	-	\$ 	\$ 35,381,831

11. Transactions With Other LEAs

The District is a member of Central Intermediate Unit 10. Through the membership, the District is able to secure various special services, including special education.

12. Retirement Plan

Plan Description

The Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) is a governmental cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The members eligible to participate in PSERS include all full-time public school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.psers.state.pa.us.

Benefits Provided

PSERS provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Members are eligible for monthly retirement benefits upon reaching (a) age 62 with at least one year of credited service; (b) age 60 with 30 or more years of credited service; or (c) 35 or more years of service regardless of age. Act 120 of 2010 (Act 120) preserved the benefits of existing members and introduced benefit reductions for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2011. Act 120 created two new membership classes, Membership Class T-E (Class T-E) and Membership Class T-F (Class T-F). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-E and Class T-F members must work until age 65 with a minimum of three years of service or attain a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 92 with a minimum of 35 years of service.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Act 5 of 2017 (Act 5) introduced a hybrid benefit with two membership classes and a separate defined contribution plan for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2019. Act 5 created two new hybrid membership classes, Membership Class T-G (Class T-G) and Membership Class T-H (Class T-H) and the separate defined contribution membership class, Membership Class DC (Class DC). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-G and Class T-H members must work until age 67 with a minimum of 3 years of credited service. Class T-G may also qualify for normal retirement by attaining a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater 97 with a minimum of 35 years of credited service.

Benefits are generally equal to 1% or 2.5%, depending on membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied times the number of years of credited service. For members whose membership started prior to July 1, 2011, after completion of five years of service, a member's right to the defined benefits is vested and early retirement benefits may be elected. For class T-E and Class T-F members, the right to benefits is vested after ten years of service.

Participants are eligible for disability retirement benefits after completion of five years of credited service. Such benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service, but not less than one-third of such salary nor greater than the benefit the member would have had at normal retirement age. Members over normal retirement age may apply for disability benefits.

Death benefits are payable upon the death of an active member who has reached age 62 with at least one year of credited service (age 65 with at least three years of credited service for Class T-E and Class T-F members) or who has at least five years of credited service (ten years for Class T-E and Class T-F members). Such benefits are actuarially equivalent to the benefit that would have been effective if the member had retired on the day before death.

Member Contributions

The contribution rates based on qualified member compensation for virtually all members are presented below:

Member Contribution Rates

Membership Class	Continuous Employment Since	Defined Benefit (DB) Contribution Rate	DC Contribution Rate	Total Contribution Rate
T-C	Prior to July 22, 1983	5.25 %	N/A	5.25 %
T-C	On or after July 22, 1983	6.25	N/A	6.25
T-D	Prior to July 22, 1983	6.50	N/A	6.50
T-D	On or after July 22, 1983	7.50	N/A	7.50
T-E	On or after July 1, 2011	7.50% base rate with shared risk provision	N/A	Prior to 7/1/21: 7.50; After 7/1/21: 8.00 Prior to
T-F	On or after July 1, 2011	10.30% base rate with shared risk provision	N/A	7/1/21: 10.30; After 7/1/21: 10.80 Prior to
T-G	On or after July 1, 2019	5.50% base rate with shared risk provision	2.75 %	7/1/21:8.25; After 7/1/21: 9.00 Prior to
T-H DC	On or after July 1, 2019 On or after July 1, 2019	4.50% base rate with shared risk provision N/A	3.00 7.50	7/1/21:7.50; After 7/1/21: 8.25 7.50

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Shared Risk Program Summary

Membership Class	Defined Benefit (DB) Base Rate	Shared Risk Increment	Minimum	Maximum
T-E	7.50 %	+/- 0.50 %	5.50 %	9.50 %
T-F	10.30	+/- 0.50	8.30	12.30
T-G	5.50	+/- 0.75	2.50	8.50
T-H	4.50	+/- 0.75	1.50	7.50

Employer Contributions

The District's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was 34.31%* of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to PSERS from the District were \$25,954,966 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$228,162,000 for its proportionate share of the PSERS net pension liability. The PSERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward the PSERS total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the PSERS net pension liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported contributions as it relates to the total one-year reported contributions. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.5132%, which was an increase of 0.0313% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$18,546,000. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	103,000	\$	1,973,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments				3,871,000
Changes in assumptions		6,813,000		-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		11,397,000		5,366,000
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		25,954,966		<u>-</u> _
Total	\$	44,267,966	\$	11,210,000

\$25,954,966 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024.

^{*}This includes the defined contribution rate of 0.20% which is an estimated rate.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years ending June 30:	
2024	\$ 2,299,000
2025	1,738,000
2026	(2,337,000)
2027	 5,403,000
Total	\$ 7,103,000

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 (the 2022 measurement date) was determined by rolling forward the PSERS' total pension liability as of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation to June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal level percent of pay;
- Investment return 7.00%, includes inflation at 2.75%;
- Salary growth Effective average of 4.50%, comprised of inflation of 2.50% and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases;
- Mortality rates were based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 Retiree Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020 Improvement Scale;
- The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021 and as of June 30, 2022.
 - Demographic and economic assumptions approved by the PSERS Board for use effective with the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation:
 - Salary growth rate decreased from 5.00% to 4.50%.
 - Real wage growth and merit or seniority increases (components for salary growth) - decreased from 2.75% and 2.25% to 2.50% and 2.00%, respectively.
 - Mortality rates Previously based on the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale. Effective with the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, mortality rates are based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 Retiree Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020 Improvement Scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study that was performed for the five-year period ending June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the PSERS Board. Plan assets are managed with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension.

Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
28.0 %	5.3 %
12.0	8.0
33.0	2.3
9.0	2.3
9.0	5.4
11.0	4.6
6.0	3.5
3.0	0.5
(11.0)	0.5
100.0 %	
	28.0 % 12.0 33.0 9.0 9.0 11.0 6.0 3.0 (11.0)

The above was the PSERS Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2022.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.00%)	D	Current iscount Rate (7.00%)	 1% Increase (8.00%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 295,112,000	\$	228,162,000	\$ 171,715,000

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be found on the PSERS's website at www.psers.pa.gov.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

13. Defined Contribution Plan

The District provides a 403(b) defined contribution plan for its employees, administered by the District. The plan is defined within the teachers' contract (State College Area Education Association); however, all employees are eligible to participate. With the exception of retiring teachers and certain contracted employees, only employees contribute to the plan. Upon retirement, the District must also contribute the teacher's accrued sick and retirement bonus to the 403(b) plan. In 2023, total District contributions (including retirement bonus and sick payouts) were \$1,654,918.

14. Nonmonetary Transactions

The District receives USDA donated commodities in the Food Service Fund. These donated commodities are valued at an estimated market value and recognized as federal revenue, with unused commodities recorded as inventory. The total food commodities donated by the federal government and used by the District for fiscal year 2023 totaled \$479,150.

15. Lessee, Lease Liability

Governmental Activities (Internal Service Fund)

Lease Liability Description	Date of Issue	Final Maturity Interest Rates	Original ebtedness	E	Balance
Copiers Copier	October 2019 - October 2024 July 2022 - June 2027	2.0 % 3.86	\$ 186,377 154,160	\$	13,118 126,016
Total				\$	139,134

Debt service requirements to maturity for governmental activities are as follows:

Years	<u>P</u>	rincipal	Ir	nterest	 Total
2024	\$	42,606	\$	5,464	\$ 48,070
2025		30,832		4,032	34,864
2026		32,176		2,688	34,864
2027		33,520		1,344	 34,864
Total	\$	139,134	\$	13,528	\$ 152,662

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

16. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

State College Area School District Postemployment Benefits Plan

General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The State College OPEB Plan provides postemployment benefits and health insurance benefits upon retirement with 30 years of PSERS service or age 60 with 30 years of service, age 62 with one year of service or 35 years of service regardless of age. Retired employees are allowed to continue coverage for themselves and their dependents in the group health care plan until the retired employee reaches Medicare age, generally 65.

The minimum requirements of the State College OPEB Plan are established by Pennsylvania Act 110 of 1988 and Act 43 of 1989. The School Board could choose to improve upon the minimum requirements in the future. The State College OPEB Plan is unfunded and no financial report is prepared. The State College OPEB Plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At July 1, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	50
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving	
benefit payments	-
Active employees	1,195
Total	1,245

Total OPEB Liability - State College OPEB Plan

The District's total OPEB liability under the State College OPEB Plan as of June 30, 2023 was \$4,957,344, which was measured as of July 1, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability under the State College OPEB Plan, in the July 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount rate	4.06%
Salary increases	2.5% cost of living adjustment, 1% real wage growth, and for teachers and administrators a merit increase which varies by age from 2.75% to 0%
Healthcare cost trend rates	6.5% in 2022. Rates gradually decrease from 6.0% in 2023 to 3.9% in 2075 and later based on the Society of Actuaries Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	Retiree contributions are assumed to increase at the same rate as the Health Care Cost Trend Rate. However, the first year trend assumption was adjusted to account for short-term rate caps

The discount rate was based on S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index at July 1, 2022.

For mortality rates, separate rates are assumed preretirement and postretirement using the rates assumed in the PSERS defined benefit pension plan actuarial valuation. Incorporated into the table are rates projected generationally by the Buck Modified 2016 projection scale to reflect mortality improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study (census information) as of July 2022.

Changes in the State College OPEB Plan Liability

	State College OPEB Plan Liability		
Balance, July 1, 2022 Changes for the year:	\$	6,074,756	
Service cost		449,901	
Interest		146,641	
Differences between expected and actual experience		(42,362)	
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		(1,499,830)	
Benefit payments		(171,762)	
Net changes		(1,117,412)	
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$	4,957,344	

Changes in assumptions or other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.28% in 2021 to 4.06% in 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Sensitivity of the State College OPEB Plan Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the State College OPEB Plan liability of the District, as well as what the State College OPEB Plan liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.06%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.06%) than the current discount rate:

	1%				1%	
	 Decrease (3.06%)		Discount Rate (4.06%)		Increase (5.06%)	
State College OPEB Plan Liability	\$ 5,348,079	\$	4,957,344	\$	4,589,089	

Sensitivity of the State College OPEB Plan Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the State College OPEB Plan liability of the District, as well as what the State College OPEB Plan liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease		Healthcare Cost Trend Rates		1% Increase	
State College OPEB Plan Liability	\$	4,422,794	\$	4,957,344	\$	5,584,245

State College OPEB Plan Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$470,330. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred tflows of esources	I	Deferred nflows of lesources
Changes in assumptions District contributions subsequent to the measurement date Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	648,342 199,741 17,870	\$	1,639,570 - 505,936
	\$	865,953	\$	2,145,506

The \$199,741 of District contributions will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years ending June 30:	
2024	\$ (126,212)
2025	(126,212)
2026	(126,212)
2027	(126,212)
2028	(126,212)
Thereafter	 (850,514)
Total	\$ (1,481,574)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

General Information About the PSERS Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program

PSERS provides premium assistance, which is a governmental cost sharing, multiple-employer OPEB plan for all eligible retirees who qualify and elect to participate. Employer contribution rates for premium assistance are established to provide reserves in the health insurance account that are sufficient for the payment of premium assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Effective January 1, 2002 under the provisions of Act 9 of 2001, participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer or the PSERS' Health Options Program (HOP). As of June 30, 2022, there were no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees.

Premium Assistance Eligibility Criteria

Retirees of PSERS can participate in the premium assistance program if they satisfy the following criteria:

- Have 24 ½ or more years of service, or
- Are a disability retiree, or
- Have 15 or more years of service and retired after reaching superannuation age Employer Contributions

For Class DC members to become eligible for premium assistance, they must satisfy the following criteria:

- Attain Medicare eligibility with 24 ½ or more eligibility points, or
- Have 15 or more eligibility points and terminated after age 67, and
- Have received all or part of their distributions.

The District's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was 0.75% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$564,075 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$9,463,000 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by rolling forward PSERS' total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.5141%, which was an increase of 0.0316% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$421,000. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of esources	li	Deferred nflows of esources
Changes in assumptions	\$	1,051,000		2,235,000
Net differences between projected and actual investment				
earnings		26,000		-
Changes in proportion		798,000		335,000
Differences between expected and actual experience		87,000		51,000
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		564,075		
	\$	2,526,075	\$	2,621,000

\$564,075 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years ending June 30:	
2024	\$ (95,000)
2025	(34,000)
2026	(116,000)
2027	(181,000)
2028	(233,000)
Thereafter	
Total	\$ (659,000)

Actuarial Assumptions

The Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2022 (the measurement date), was determined by rolling forward PSERS's Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal level percent of pay;
- Investment return 4.09% S&P 20 Year Municipal Bond Rate;
- Salary growth Effective average of 4.50%, comprised of inflation of 2.50% and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases;
- Premium Assistance reimbursement is capped at \$1,200 per year;
- Assumed Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees with less than \$1,200 in premium assistance per year;
- Mortality rates were based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 Retiree
 Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a
 modified version of the MP-2020 Improvement Scale;

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

- Participation rate;
 - o Eligible retirees will elect to participate Pre age 65 at 50;
 - Eligible retirees will elect to participate Post age 65 at 70%.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study that was performed for the five year period ending June 30, 2020.

The following assumptions were used to determine the contribution rate:

- The results of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 determined the employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2022;
- Cost Method: Amount necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the valuation date;
- Asset valuation method: Market Value:
- Participation rate: The actual data for retirees benefiting under the Plan as of June 30, 2021 was used in lieu of the 63% utilization assumption for eligible retirees;
- Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale.

Investments consist primarily of short-term assets designed to protect the principal of the plan assets. The expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using the OPEB asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each asset class.

The OPEB plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the PSERS Board. Under the program, as defined in the retirement code employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the Health Insurance Account that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year.

	OPEB Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash		100.0 %	0.5 %

The above was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2022.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total OPEB Liability was 4.09%. Under the plan's funding policy, contributions are structured for short-term funding of Premium Assistance. The funding policy sets contribution rates necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the actuarial valuation date. The Premium Assistance account is funded to establish reserves that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Due to the short-term funding policy, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to meet projected future benefit payments, therefore the plan is considered a pay-as-you-go plan. A discount rate of 4.09% which represents the S&P 20 year Municipal Bond Rate at June 30, 2022, was applied to all projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Sensitivity of PSERS Net OPEB Liability to Change in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees receiving less than \$1,200 in annual Premium Assistance. As of June 30, 2023, retirees Premium Assistance benefits are not subject to future healthcare cost increases. The annual Premium Assistance reimbursement for qualifying retirees is capped at a maximum of \$1,200. The actual number of retirees receiving less than the \$1,200 per year cap is a small percentage of the total population and has a minimal impact on Healthcare Cost Trends as depicted below.

The following presents PSERS net OPEB liability for June 30, 2023, calculated using current Healthcare cost trends as well as what PSERS net OPEB liability would be if it health cost trends were 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		Healthcare Trends Cost Rate		1% Increase	
PSERS Net OPEB Liability	\$	9,462,000	\$	9,463,000	\$	9,464,000

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 4.09%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (3.09%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.09%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (3.09%)		Discount Rate (4.09%)		1% Increase (5.09%)	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	10,702,000	\$	9,463,000	\$	8,427,000

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be found on the PSERS' website at www.psers.pa.gov.

17. Pending Changes in Accounting Principles

GASB has approved the following:

Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates

Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*

Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans

Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022;

Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62;

Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences.

District management is in the process of evaluating these standards. When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

State College Area School District
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the PSERS Net Pension Liability (Unaudited) Years Ended June 30

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net pension	0.5132%	0.4819%	0.5042%	0.4994%	0.4914%	0.4780%	0.4720%	0.4547%	0.4533%	0.4561%
liability	\$ 228,162,000	\$ 197,852,000	\$ 248,263,000	\$ 233,632,000	\$ 235,896,000	\$ 236,077,000	\$ 233,948,000	\$ 197,020,000	\$ 179,419,000	\$ 186,710,000
District's covered-employee payroll District's proportionate share of the net pension	\$ 75,596,220	\$ 68,392,796	\$ 70,863,185	\$ 68,875,231	\$ 66,177,871	\$ 63,641,184	\$ 61,126,703	\$ 58,505,811	\$ 57,843,267	\$ 58,535,370
liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	301.8%	289.3%	350.3%	339.2%	356.5%	371.0%	382.7%	336.8%	310.2%	319.0%
PSERS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the PSERS total pension liability	61.34%	63.67%	54.32%	55.66%	54.00%	51.84%	50.14%	54.36%	57.24%	not available

Note: Covered-employee payroll above represents the amount for the year coinciding with the measurement date.

State College Area School District
Schedule of District's PSERS Pension Contributions (Unaudited)
Years Ended June 30

	Last 10 Fiscal Years										
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 25,954,966	\$ 25,140,151	\$ 23,045,152	\$ 23,724,772	\$ 22,512,929	\$ 17,424,223	\$ 14,234,693	\$ 12,097,807	\$ 9,336,223	\$ 6,738,537	
contractually required contribution	(25,954,966)	(25,140,151)	(23,045,152)	(23,724,772)	(22,512,929)	(17,424,223)	(14,234,693)	(12,097,807)	(9,336,223)	(6,738,537)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
District's covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 76,163,808	\$ 75,561,786	\$ 68,379,743	\$ 70,845,762	\$ 68,877,803	\$ 66,167,204	\$ 63,707,630	\$ 61,149,967	\$ 58,513,294	\$ 57,842,220	
covered-employee payroll	34.08%	33.27%	33.70%	33.49%	32.69%	26.33%	22.34%	19.78%	15.96%	11.65%	

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the PSERS Net OPEB Liability (Unaudited) Years Ended June 30

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.5141%	0.4825%	0.5049%	0.4994%	0.4914%	0.4780%	0.4720%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 9,463,000	\$ 11,434,000	\$ 10,909,000	\$ 10,621,000	\$ 10,245,000	\$ 9,741,000	\$ 10,167,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 75,596,220	\$ 68,392,796	\$ 70,863,185	\$ 68,875,231	\$ 66,177,871	\$ 63,641,184	\$ 61,126,703
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability							
as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	12.5%	16.7%	15.4%	15.4%	15.5%	15.3%	16.6%
PSERS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the PSERS total OPEB liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Note: Data is not available for years prior to June 30, 2017

Note: Covered-employee payroll above represents the amount for the year coinciding with the measurement date.

State College Area School District
Schedule of District's PSERS OPEB Contributions (Unaudited)
Years Ended June 30

					Last 10 Fi	scal Years				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 564,075	\$ 606,884	\$ 560,909	\$ 595,779	\$ 573,182	\$ 538,893	\$ 440,248	\$ 504,075	\$ 491,380	\$ 507,202
contractually required contribution	(564,075)	(606,884)	(560,909)	(595,779)	(573,182)	(538,893)	(440,248)	(504,075)	(491,380)	(507,202)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 76,163,808	\$ 75,561,786	\$ 68,379,743	\$ 70,845,762	\$ 68,877,803	\$ 66,167,204	\$ 63,707,630	\$ 61,149,967	\$ 58,513,294	\$ 57,842,220
covered-employee payroll	0.74%	0.80%	0.82%	0.84%	0.83%	0.81%	0.69%	0.82%	0.84%	0.88%

State College Area School District
Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - District Plan Years Ended June 30 (Unaudited)

		2023		2022	2021		2021 2020		2019		2018	
Total OPEB Liability												
Service cost	\$	449,901	\$	449,059	\$	390,575	\$	390,226	\$	349,168	\$	333,833
Interest cost		146,641		115,730		193,099		166,522		161,483		115,773
Differences between expected and actual experience		(42,362)		-		(610,198)		-		29,035		-
Changes of assumptions		(1,499,830)		(184,654)		643,219		(156,696)		70,364		220,514
Benefit payments, including refunds of												
member contributions		(171,762)		(171,026)		(234,484)		(249,595)		(190,066)		(158,873)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(1,117,412)		209,109		382,211		150,457		419,984		511,247
Total OPEB Liability, Beginning		6,074,756		5,865,647		5,483,436		5,332,979		4,912,995		4,401,748
Total ODED Linkiller English	•	4.057.044	Φ.	0.074.750	•	5 005 047	•	5 400 400	•	5 000 070	Φ.	4.040.005
Total OPEB Liability, Ending	\$	4,957,344	\$	6,074,756	\$	5,865,647	\$	5,483,436	\$	5,332,979	\$	4,912,995
Covered-Employee Payroll	¢	69 402 602	ď	64 600 712	\$	64 600 712	Ф	GE 12G E17	¢	GE 126 E17	φ	E0 740 0E6
Covereu-Employee Payron	<u> </u>	68,403,692	φ	64,609,712	Φ	64,609,712	φ	65,136,517	φ	65,136,517	φ	59,749,056
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of												
Covered-Employee Payroll		7.25%		9.40%		9.08%		8.42%		8.19%		8.22%
ootoloa Emplojoo i ajioli	_	1.2370		3.40 /0		9.0070		0.42 /0		0.1970		0.22 /0

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 75 during its year ended June 30, 2018. Information prior to 2018 year is not available.



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of State College Area School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of State College Area School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 11, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

State College, Pennsylvania

Baker Tilly US, LLP

December 11, 2023



Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of State College Area School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited State College Area School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order
 to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
 internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

State College, Pennsylvania

Baker Tilly US, LLP

December 11, 2023

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

Pavarusa	
Revenues	
Local sources:	
Current taxation: Real estate	Ф 442 027 027
Earned income tax	\$ 113,837,837 21,638,563
	21,638,562
Local service tax	379,885
Real estate transfers	3,165,321
Payments in lieu of taxes	650,661
Public utility realty tax	127,972
Total current taxation	139,800,238
Delinquent taxation	1,203,321
Total from taxation	141,003,559
Earnings from temporary investments and deposits	3,462,444
Receipts from other LEA's	73,182
Tuition	1,388,931
IDEA	1,040,604
Miscellaneous revenue	613,812
Total local sources	147,582,532
State sources:	
Basic instructional subsidy	10,597,444
Private placement tuition	55,145
Vocational education	279,629
Special education	3,485,010
Transportation	759,734
Rental and sinking fund payments	910,864
Medical and dental services	135,988
Property tax reduction	1,792,546
Social Security subsidy	2,787,500
Retirement subsidy	13,293,334
Other state grants	578,661
•	
Total state sources	34,675,855
Federal sources: Title I	639,899
	•
Title II A	138,592
Secondary Allocation	76,304
Title III	78,027
Title IV	38,266
Education Stabilization Funds	1,880,398
Medical Assistance	4,713
Other federal	5,567
ACCESS	498,079
Total federal sources	3,359,845
Total revenues	185,618,232

State College Area School District
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

Expenditures Instruction:	
Regular programs	\$ 70,278,206
Special programs	23,058,527
Vocational education programs	3,941,278
Other instructional programs	2,879,482
Adult education programs	5,326
Nonpublic school programs	33,669
Total instruction	100,196,488
Support services:	
Pupil personnel	6,836,654
Instructional staff	5,722,074
Administration	9,329,339
Pupil health	2,656,945
Business	1,677,575
Operation and maintenance of plant services	12,335,538
Student transportation services	6,922,304
Central	6,067,166
Total support services	51,547,595
Noninstructional services:	
Student activities	2,801,677
Community services	63,064
Total noninstructional services	2,864,741
Facilities acquisition, construction and improvement services	6,223
Total expenditures	154,615,047
Excess of revenues over expenditures before other	
before other financing sources (uses)	31,003,185
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
Refund of prior year receipts	(13,265)
Transfers out	(28,816,746)
Total other financing uses, net	(28,830,011)
Change in fund balances	2,173,174
Fund Balance, Beginning	49,426,115
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 51,599,289

State College Area School District

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	 Capital Projects	Student Activity	Total
Assets			
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds	\$ 3,981,037 5,239,499	\$ 641,965 - -	\$ 641,965 3,981,037 5,239,499
Total	\$ 9,220,536	\$ 641,965	\$ 9,862,501
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances			
Liabilities Due to other funds Accounts payable	\$ 1,532,009	\$ 153,570 14,294	\$ 153,570 1,546,303
Total liabilities	1,532,009	167,864	1,699,873
Fund Balances Restricted	 7,688,527	474,101	 8,162,628
Total	\$ 9,220,536	\$ 641,965	\$ 9,862,501

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Capital Projects	 Debt Service	Student Activity	 Total
Revenues Local sources	\$ 300,757	\$ <u>-</u> _	\$ 314,685	\$ 615,442
Expenditures Noninstructional services Facilities acquisition, construction	-	-	301,706	301,706
and improvement services Debt service	 4,477,788	- 17,473,425	- -	4,477,788 17,473,425
Total expenditures	 4,477,788	17,473,425	 301,706	22,252,919
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures before other financing sources	(4,177,031)	(17,473,425)	12,979	(21,637,477)
Other Financing Sources Transfer in	 2,343,321	17,473,425		 19,816,746
Changes in fund balances	(1,833,710)	-	12,979	(1,820,731)
Fund Balances, Beginning	9,522,237	 	461,122	 9,983,359
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 7,688,527	\$ 	\$ 474,101	\$ 8,162,628

State College Area School District
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year Ended June 30, 2023

Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Source Code	Assistance Listing Number	Passed Through Grantor's Number	Grant Period Code	Program or Award Amount	Total Received for the Year	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at July 1, 2022	Revenue Recognized	Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at June 30, 2023	Expenditures to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Education											
Passed Through the PA Department of Education:											
Title I, Part A:		04.040	040 000440	_				40.500		•	•
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies		84.010	013-220418	В	\$ 622,305		\$ 98,561	\$ 18,563	\$ 18,563	*	\$ -
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	1	84.010	013-230418	С	664,458	512,589	<u>-</u>	621,336	621,336	108,747	
Total Title I, Part A						629,713	98,561	639,899	639,899	108,747	
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	1	84.048	380-230007	С	76,304	76,304	. <u> </u>	76,304	76,304		
English Language Acquisition State Grants	1	84.365	010-220418	В	35,330	26,026	(8,124)	34,150	34,150	_	_
English Language Acquisition State Grants	i	84.365	010-210418	A	42,771	11,406	(879)	12,285	12,285	-	_
English Language Acquisition State Grants	1	84.365	010-230418	С	47,965	28,916	<u> </u>	31,592	31,592	2,676	
Total English Language Acquisition State Grants						66,348	(9,003)	78,027	78,027	2,676	
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants		84.367	020-220418	В	133,842	8,035	(3,210)	8,083	8,083	(3,162)	
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	i	84.367	020-220418	A	149,740		(5,892)	5,892	5,892	(3,102)	-
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	i	84.367	020-230418	C	141,820		-	124,617	124,617	13,904	
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants						118,748	(9,102)	138,592	138,592	10,742	<u> </u>
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	1	84.424	144-220418	В	52.864	21,164	3,956	10,573	10,573	(6,635)	-
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	1	84.424	144-230418	С	49,537	33,706	. <u> </u>	27,693	27,693	(6,013)	
Total Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program						54,870	3,956	38,266	38,266	(12,648)	
Education Stabilization Funds											
COVID-19 - ARP - Elementary And Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	1	84.425U	225-210418	В	58,300	25,440	(21,600)	31,925	31,925	(15,115)	_
COVID-19 - ARP - Elementary And Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	1	84.425U	225-210418	В	58,300	25,440	(3,807)	19,476	19,476	(9,771)	-
COVID-19 - ARP - Elementary And Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	1	84.425U	225-210418	В	291,500	127,200	41,335	153,468	153,468	67,603	-
COVID-19 - ARP - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief											
- Homeless Children and Youth	I	84.425W	181-21-2416	В	34,991	8,972	(1,734)	15,507	15,507	4,801	-
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan (ARP) - Elementary and Secondary School		04.40511	000 040440		5 050 700	4 500 454	0.050.400	4 000 000	4 000 000	400 700	
Emergency Relief Fund	1	84.425U	223-210418	Α	5,250,729	4,582,454	3,059,132	1,660,022	1,660,022	136,700	
Total Education Stabilization Funds						4,769,506	3,073,326	1,880,398	1,880,398	184,218	
Total PA Department of Education						5,715,489	3,157,738	2,851,486	2,851,486	293,735	

State College Area School District
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2023

Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Source Code	Assistance Listing Number	Passed Through Grantor's Number	Grant Period Code	(Program or Award Amount	Total Received for the Year	Accrue (Deferre Revenu July 1, 2	ed) e at	Revenue Recognized	Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at June 30, 2023	Expenditures to Subrecipients
Passed Trough Central Intermediate Unit #10: Special Education Cluster (IDEA): COVID-19 - Special Education - Grants to States Special Education - Grants to States Special Education Preschool Grants	 	84.027 84.027 84.173	062-22-0-010 062-23-0-010 131-22-0-010	B C C	\$	1,043,309 890,576 8,180	\$ 450,470 507,810 8,180	3	2,366 - -	\$ 148,919 813,505 8,180	\$ 148,919 813,505 8,180	\$ 10,815 305,689	\$ - - -
Passed Through Intermediate Unit #13: Special Education - Grants to States	1	84.027	062-23-0-033	С		70,000		<u> </u>		70,000	70,000	70,000	
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)							966,46	31	2,366	1,040,604	1,040,604	386,504	<u> </u>
Total U.S. Department of Education							6,681,95	3,47	0,104	3,892,090	3,892,090	680,239	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed Through PA Department of Health and Human Services: COVID-19 - Medical Assistance (ACCESS), Medicald Cluster	I	93.778	044-007418	С		10,732	10,73	2	6,019	4,713	4,713	-	-
Passed Through PA Department of Education: Afghan Refugee School Impact Grant Program	I	93.566	141,757	С		20,910		<u> </u>		5,570	5,570	5,570	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services							10,73	<u> </u>	6,019	10,283	10,283	5,570	
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through PA Department of Education: COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	I	10.649	358-000	С		628	629	3	-	628	628	-	-
Child Nutrition Cluster: Passed Through PA Department of Education: COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program COVID-19 - School Breakfast Program COVID-19 - Summer Food Service Program for Children COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	I (F) I (F) I (F) I (F)	10.555 10.553 10.559 10.555	362-0000 365-0000 264-0000 356-000	C C C		NOTE 5 NOTE 5 NOTE 5 NOTE 5	1,049,230 275,499 177,46	5 1	6,473 4,794 - 3,009)	1,162,082 308,478 220,467	1,162,082 308,478 - 220,467	159,319 47,777 - (80,006)	- - - -
Passed Through the PA Department of Agriculture, COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	ı	10.555	110-14-800-2	С		NOTE 5	472,46	5(2	2,918)	479,150	479,150	(16,233)	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster							1,974,66) (8	4,660)	2,170,177	2,170,177	110,857	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture							1,975,28	8 (8	4,660)	2,170,805	2,170,805	110,857	
Total							\$ 8,667,97	\$ 3,39	1,463	\$ 6,073,178	\$ 6,073,178	\$ 796,666	\$ -

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2023

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) presents the federal award activity of the State College Area School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a select portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position (deficit) or cash flows of the District.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting for the Child Nutrition Cluster and the modified accrual basis of accounting for all remaining programs. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred. On the accrual basis, i.e., recognition occurs when the revenue has been earned and the liability is incurred. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

3. Access Reimbursements

Access reimbursements for direct medical services are classified as fee-for-service revenues and are not considered federal awards. The General Fund federal revenues include \$498,079 of ACCESS reimbursements for direct medical services.

4. Relationship to Federal Financial Reports

Amounts reported in the accompanying Schedule agree with the amounts reported in the related federal financial reports.

5. National School Lunch Program

The program amount for the National School Lunch Program is based on a set per meal reimbursement rate.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2023

6. Source Codes and Grant Period Codes

Source codes used in the Schedule are as follows:

I = Indirect funding

F = Federal share

Grant period codes used in the Schedule are as follows:

A = 07/01/20 - 06/30/21

B = 07/01/21 - 06/30/22

C = 07/01/22 - 06/30/23

7. Indirect Cost Rate

The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under Uniform Guidance.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements		
Type of report the auditors issued on whether the statements audited were in accordance with GA		
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes yes	X no X none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements no	oted?yes	Xno
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major federal program: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes yes	X no none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to b reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	e yes	Xno
Identification of major federal programs:		
Identification of major federal programs: Assistance Listing Number(s)	Name of Federal Pro	ogram or Cluster
, , ,	Name of Federal Pro Education Stabilization Funds Special Education Cluster (ID	S
Assistance Listing Number(s) 84.425	Education Stabilization Funds	S
Assistance Listing Number(s) 84.425 84.027, 84.173 Dollar threshold used to distinguish between	Education Stabilization Funds Special Education Cluster (ID	S
Assistance Listing Number(s) 84.425 84.027, 84.173 Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	Education Stabilization Funds Special Education Cluster (ID \$750,000	S DEA)
Assistance Listing Number(s) 84.425 84.027, 84.173 Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Education Stabilization Funds Special Education Cluster (ID \$750,000	S DEA)
Assistance Listing Number(s) 84.425 84.027, 84.173 Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Section II - Financial Statement Findings	Education Stabilization Funds Special Education Cluster (ID \$750,000 X yes	S DEA)

Section IV - Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings

There were no findings related to the financial statement audit or major federal award programs noted in the June 30, 2022 Single Audit.